

## HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

These highlights do not include all the information needed to use DARZALEX FASPRO safely and effectively. See full prescribing information for DARZALEX FASPRO.

**DARZALEX FASPRO™ (daratumumab and hyaluronidase-fihj) injection, for subcutaneous use**  
Initial U.S. Approval: 2020

### RECENT MAJOR CHANGES

Indications and Usage (1) 01/2021  
Dosage and Administration (2) 01/2021

### INDICATIONS AND USAGE

DARZALEX FASPRO is a combination of daratumumab, a CD38-directed cytolytic antibody, and hyaluronidase, an endoglycosidase, for the treatment of adult patients with multiple myeloma:

- in combination with bortezomib, melphalan and prednisone in newly diagnosed patients who are ineligible for autologous stem cell transplant
- in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone in newly diagnosed patients who are ineligible for autologous stem cell transplant and in patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma who have received at least one prior therapy
- in combination with bortezomib, thalidomide, and dexamethasone in newly diagnosed patients who are eligible for autologous stem cell transplant
- in combination with bortezomib and dexamethasone in patients who have received at least one prior therapy
- as monotherapy, in patients who have received at least three prior lines of therapy including a proteasome inhibitor (PI) and an immunomodulatory agent or who are double-refractory to a PI and an immunomodulatory agent. (1)

### DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

For subcutaneous use only.

- Pre-medicate with a corticosteroid, acetaminophen and a histamine-1 receptor antagonist. (2.3)
- The recommended dosage of DARZALEX FASPRO is (1,800 mg daratumumab and 30,000 units hyaluronidase) administered subcutaneously into the abdomen over approximately 3 to 5 minutes according to recommended schedule. (2.2)
- Administer post-medications as recommended. (2.3)

### DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS

- **Injection:** 1,800 mg daratumumab and 30,000 units hyaluronidase per 15 mL (120 mg and 2,000 units/mL) solution in a single-dose vial (3)

## FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION: CONTENTS\*

- 1 INDICATIONS AND USAGE
- 2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION
  - 2.1 Important Dosing Information
  - 2.2 Recommended Dosage
  - 2.3 Recommended Concomitant Medications
  - 2.4 Dosage Modifications for Adverse Reactions
  - 2.5 Preparation and Administration
- 3 DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS
- 4 CONTRAINDICATIONS
- 5 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS
  - 5.1 Hypersensitivity and Other Administration Reactions
  - 5.2 Neutropenia
  - 5.3 Thrombocytopenia
  - 5.4 Embryo-Fetal Toxicity
  - 5.5 Interference with Serological Testing
  - 5.6 Interference with Determination of Complete Response
- 6 ADVERSE REACTIONS
  - 6.1 Clinical Trials Experience
  - 6.2 Immunogenicity
  - 6.3 Postmarketing Experience
- 7 DRUG INTERACTIONS

## CONTRAINDICATIONS

Patients with a history of severe hypersensitivity to daratumumab or any of the components of the formulation. (4)

## WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- **Hypersensitivity and Other Administration Reactions:** Permanently discontinue DARZALEX FASPRO for life-threatening reactions. (5.1)
- **Neutropenia:** Monitor complete blood cell counts periodically during treatment. Monitor patients with neutropenia for signs of infection. Consider withholding DARZALEX FASPRO to allow recovery of neutrophils. (5.2)
- **Thrombocytopenia:** Monitor complete blood cell counts periodically during treatment. Consider withholding DARZALEX FASPRO to allow recovery of platelets. (5.3)
- **Embryo-Fetal Toxicity:** Can cause fetal harm. Advise pregnant women of the potential risk to a fetus and advise females of reproductive potential to use effective contraception (5.4, 8.1, 8.3).
- **Interference with cross-matching and red blood cell antibody screening:** Type and screen patients prior to starting treatment. Inform blood banks that a patient has received DARZALEX FASPRO. (5.5, 7.1)

## ADVERSE REACTIONS

- The most common adverse reaction ( $\geq 20\%$ ) with DARZALEX FASPRO monotherapy is: upper respiratory tracts infection. (6.1)
- The most common adverse reactions ( $\geq 20\%$ ) with D-VMP are upper respiratory tract infection, constipation, nausea, fatigue, pyrexia, peripheral sensory neuropathy, diarrhea, cough, insomnia, vomiting, and back pain. (6.1)
- The most common adverse reactions ( $\geq 20\%$ ) with D-Rd are fatigue, diarrhea, upper respiratory tract infection, muscle spasms, constipation, pyrexia, pneumonia and dyspnea. (6.1)
- The most common hematology laboratory abnormalities ( $\geq 40\%$ ) with DARZALEX FASPRO are decreased leukocytes, decreased lymphocytes, decreased neutrophils, decreased platelets, and decreased hemoglobin. (6.1)

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Janssen Biotech, Inc. at 1-800-526-7736 (1-800-JANSSEN) or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or [www.fda.gov/medwatch](http://www.fda.gov/medwatch).

See 17 for PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION and FDA-approved patient labeling.

Revised: 01/2021

- 7.1 Effects of Daratumumab on Laboratory Tests
- 8 USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS
  - 8.1 Pregnancy
  - 8.2 Lactation
  - 8.3 Females and Males of Reproductive Potential
  - 8.4 Pediatric Use
  - 8.5 Geriatric Use
- 11 DESCRIPTION
- 12 CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY
  - 12.1 Mechanism of Action
  - 12.2 Pharmacodynamics
  - 12.3 Pharmacokinetics
- 13 NONCLINICAL TOXICOLOGY
  - 13.1 Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility
- 14 CLINICAL STUDIES
  - 14.1 Newly Diagnosed Multiple Myeloma
  - 14.2 Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma
- 15 REFERENCES
- 16 HOW SUPPLIED/STORAGE AND HANDLING
- 17 PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

\*Sections or subsections omitted from the full prescribing information are not listed.

---

## FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

### 1 INDICATIONS AND USAGE

DARZALEX FASPRO is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with multiple myeloma:

- in combination with bortezomib, melphalan and prednisone in newly diagnosed patients who are ineligible for autologous stem cell transplant.
- in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone in newly diagnosed patients who are ineligible for autologous stem cell transplant and in patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma who have received at least one prior therapy.
- in combination with bortezomib, thalidomide, and dexamethasone in newly diagnosed patients who are eligible for autologous stem cell transplant.
- in combination with bortezomib and dexamethasone in patients who have received at least one prior therapy.
- as monotherapy, in patients who have received at least three prior lines of therapy including a proteasome inhibitor (PI) and an immunomodulatory agent or who are double-refractory to a PI and an immunomodulatory agent.

### 2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

#### 2.1 Important Dosing Information

- **DARZALEX FASPRO is for subcutaneous use only.**
- Administer medications before and after administration of DARZALEX FASPRO to minimize administration-related reactions [see *Dosage and Administration* (2.3)].
- Type and screen patients prior to starting DARZALEX FASPRO.

#### 2.2 Recommended Dosage

The recommended dose of DARZALEX FASPRO is 1,800 mg/30,000 units (1,800 mg daratumumab and 30,000 units hyaluronidase) administered subcutaneously over approximately 3-5 minutes. Tables 1, 2, 3, and 4 provide the recommended dosing schedule when DARZALEX FASPRO is administered as monotherapy or as part of a combination therapy.

#### Monotherapy and In Combination with Lenalidomide and Dexamethasone (D-Rd)

Use the dosing schedule provided in Table 1 when DARZALEX FASPRO is administered:

- in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone (4-week cycle) OR
- as monotherapy.

**Table 1: DARZALEX FASPRO dosing schedule in combination with lenalidomide and dexamethasone (4-week cycle) and for monotherapy**

Weeks	Schedule
Weeks 1 to 8	weekly (total of 8 doses)
Weeks 9 to 24 <sup>a</sup>	every two weeks (total of 8 doses)
Week 25 onwards until disease progression <sup>b</sup>	every four weeks

<sup>a</sup> First dose of the every-2-week dosing schedule is given at Week 9

<sup>b</sup> First dose of the every-4-week dosing schedule is given at Week 25

When DARZALEX FASPRO is administered as part of a combination therapy, *see Clinical Studies (14.2)* and the prescribing information for dosage recommendations for the other drugs.

#### In Combination with Bortezomib, Melphalan and Prednisone (D-VMP)

Use the dosing schedule provided in Table 2 when DARZALEX FASPRO is administered in combination with bortezomib, melphalan and prednisone (6-week cycle).

**Table 2: DARZALEX FASPRO dosing schedule in combination with bortezomib, melphalan and prednisone (6-week cycle)**

Weeks	Schedule
Weeks 1 to 6	weekly (total of 6 doses)
Weeks 7 to 54 <sup>a</sup>	every three weeks (total of 16 doses)
Week 55 onwards until disease progression <sup>b</sup>	every four weeks

<sup>a</sup> First dose of the every-3-week dosing schedule is given at Week 7

<sup>b</sup> First dose of the every-4-week dosing schedule is given at Week 55

When DARZALEX FASPRO is administered as part of a combination therapy, *see Clinical Studies (14.1)* and the prescribing information for dosage recommendations for the other drugs.

#### In Combination with Bortezomib, Thalidomide, and Dexamethasone (D-VTd)

Use the dosing schedule in Table 3 when DARZALEX FASPRO is administered in combination with bortezomib, thalidomide, and dexamethasone (4-week cycle).

**Table 3: DARZALEX FASPRO dosing schedule in combination with bortezomib, thalidomide and dexamethasone (4-week cycle)**

Treatment phase	Weeks	Schedule
Induction	Weeks 1 to 8	weekly (total of 8 doses)
	Weeks 9 to 16 <sup>a</sup>	every two weeks (total of 4 doses)
Stop for high dose chemotherapy and ASCT		
Consolidation	Weeks 1 to 8 <sup>b</sup>	every two weeks (total of 4 doses)

<sup>a</sup> First dose of the every-2-week dosing schedule is given at Week 9

<sup>b</sup> First dose of the every-2-week dosing schedule is given at Week 1 upon re-initiation of treatment following ASCT

When DARZALEX FASPRO is administered as part of a combination therapy, see the prescribing information for dosage recommendations for the other drugs.

#### In Combination with Bortezomib and Dexamethasone (D-Vd)

Use the dosing schedule in Table 4 when DARZALEX FASPRO is administered in combination with bortezomib and dexamethasone (3-week cycle).

**Table 4: DARZALEX FASPRO dosing schedule in combination with bortezomib and dexamethasone (3-week cycle)**

Weeks	Schedule
Weeks 1 to 9	weekly (total of 9 doses)
Weeks 10 to 24 <sup>a</sup>	every three weeks (total of 5 doses)
Week 25 onwards until disease progression <sup>b</sup>	every four weeks

<sup>a</sup> First dose of the every-3-week dosing schedule is given at Week 10

<sup>b</sup> First dose of the every-4-week dosing schedule is given at Week 25

When DARZALEX FASPRO is administered as part of a combination therapy, see the prescribing information for dosage recommendations for the other drugs.

### Missed DARZALEX FASPRO Doses

If a dose of DARZALEX FASPRO is missed, administer the dose as soon as possible and adjust the dosing schedule to maintain the dosing interval.

## **2.3 Recommended Concomitant Medications**

### Pre-medication

Administer the following pre-medications 1-3 hours before each dose of DARZALEX FASPRO:

- Acetaminophen 650 to 1,000 mg orally
- Diphenhydramine 25 to 50 mg (or equivalent) orally or intravenously
- Corticosteroid (long- or intermediate-acting)

#### *Monotherapy*

Administer methylprednisolone 100 mg (or equivalent) orally or intravenously. Consider reducing the dose of methylprednisolone to 60 mg (or equivalent) following the second dose of DARZALEX FASPRO.

#### *In Combination*

Administer dexamethasone 20 mg (or equivalent) orally or intravenously prior to every DARZALEX FASPRO administration.

When dexamethasone is the background regimen-specific corticosteroid, the dexamethasone dose that is part of the background regimen will serve as pre-medication on DARZALEX FASPRO administration days [see *Clinical Studies (14)*].

Do not administer background regimen-specific corticosteroids (e.g. prednisone) on DARZALEX FASPRO administration days when patients have received dexamethasone (or equivalent) as a pre-medication.

# Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

## Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time alerts** and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

## Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

## Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

## API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

## LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

## FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

## E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.