	Case 1:21-cv-00986-NONE-BAM Docum	ent 1 Filed 06/21/21 Page 1 of 23
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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	BOBBY GRAYSON, III, individually, and on behalf of other members of the general public similarly situated, Plaintiff, v. NUTRIEN, a Colorado corporation; NUTRIEN AG SOLUTIONS, INC., an unknown business entity; WESTERN FARM SERVICE, INC., an unknown business entity; and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, Defendants.	Case No.
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TO THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA AND TO PLAINTIFF BOBBY GRAYSON, III AND HIS ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT defendant Nutrien Ag Solutions, Inc. ("Nutrien" or
"Defendant"), by and through the undersigned counsel, hereby removes the above-entitled action
from the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Tulare, Visalia Courthouse, to
the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California, Fresno Division, pursuant to
28 U.S.C. sections 1332, 1441(a), 1446, and 1453.¹ In support of such removal, Defendant states
as follows:

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I.

BACKGROUND

On or about April 2, 2021, plaintiff Bobby Grayson III ("Plaintiff") commenced this
 action by filing an unverified Class Action Complaint ("Complaint") in the Superior Court of
 California, County of Tulare, captioned *Bobby Grayson III v. Nutrien*; *Nutrien AG Solutions, Inc.; Western Farm Service, Inc.; et. al.*, and bearing case number 286503. (True and correct copies of
 the Summons, Complaint, and Civil Case Cover Sheet are attached as **Exhibit A** to this Notice of
 Removal ("Notice").)

2. On May 19, 2021, Plaintiff served Defendant with the Summons, Complaint, and
Civil Case Cover Sheet. (Declaration of Christopher W. Decker ["Decker Decl."], ¶ 2.)

19 3. The Complaint asserts claims for: (1) Violation of California Labor Code sections 20510 and 1198 (Unpaid Overtime); (2) Violation of California Labor Code sections 226.7 and 512 21 (Unpaid Meal Period Premiums); (3) Violation of California Labor Code section 226.7 (Unpaid 22 Rest Period Premiums); (4) Violation of California Labor Code sections 1194, 1197, and 1197.1 23 (Unpaid Minimum Wages); (5) Violation of California Labor Code sections 201 and 203 (Final 24 Wages Not Timely Paid); (6) Violation of California Labor Code section 204 (Wages Not Timely 25 Paid During Employment); (7) Violation of California Labor Code section 226 (Non-Compliant 26

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 $[\]frac{1}{28}$ As noted below, Defendant may remove this action "without the consent of all defendants." 28 U.S.C. § 1453(b).

Case 1:21-cv-00986-NONE-BAM Document 1 Filed 06/21/21 Page 3 of 23

Wage Statements); (8) Violation of California Labor Code section 1174 (Failure to Keep Requisite
 Payroll Records); (9) Violation of California Labor Code sections 2800 and 2802 (Unreimbursed
 Business Expenses); and (10) Violation of California Bus. Prof. Code sections 17200 et seq.

4 4. On June 14, 2021, Defendant filed and served a Declaration of Demurring or
5 Moving Party in Support of Automatic Extension in Tulare County Superior Court. A true and
6 correct copy of Defendant's Declaration of Demurring or Moving Party in Support of Automatic
7 Extension is attached as Exhibit B to this Notice.

5. As set out more fully below, based on the allegations of the Complaint and other
evidence collected by Defendant, this Court has original jurisdiction over this action under the
Class Action Fairness Act ("CAFA") 28 U.S.C. section 1332(d) and hence the action may be
removed by Defendant pursuant to 28 U.S.C. section 1441. Original jurisdiction exists here
because there are at least 100 class members in all proposed plaintiffs classes, the combined claims
of all class members exceed \$5,000,000 exclusive of interest and costs, and Defendant is a citizen
of a different state than at least one class member.

II. DEFENDANT HAS SATISFIED THE PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS FOR REMOVAL

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A. <u>Timeliness</u>

18 6. The time to remove under 28 U.S.C. section 1446(b) does not begin to run until 19 receipt by the defendant, through service or otherwise, of a pleading, motion, order or other paper 20from which it may first be ascertained that the case is one which is or has become removable. 21 Harris v. Bankers Life and Cas. Co., 425 F.3d 689, 694 (9th Cir. 2005). Here, the four corners of 22 the Complaint do not provide readily ascertainable grounds for removal. The Complaint does not 23 allege sufficient facts to calculate the amount in controversy with reasonable certainty as to the 24 individually named plaintiff or as to the putative class. The Complaint does not allege the size of 25 any putative class nor does it allege any claim under federal law. Accordingly, as mentioned, it is 26 not possible to ascertain from the Complaint that this case is removable, and, to date, Defendant 27 has not received any other document which would constitute an "other pleading, motion, order or 28 other paper" providing this missing information. (Decker Decl. ¶ 5.) Accordingly, the time to

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Case 1:21-cv-00986-NONE-BAM Document 1 Filed 06/21/21 Page 4 of 23

remove this action has not yet begun. Where the time to remove has not yet expired, a defendant
may remove at any time if it uncovers evidence establishing that the case is removable. *Roth v. CHA Hollywood Medical Center, L.P.*, 720 F.3d 1121, 1125 (9th Cir. 2013). As set forth below,
Defendant has only recently discovered such evidence after an arduous collection and review of all
records of potential class members and a complex analysis of the estimated damages allocated to
each cause of action. Therefore, Defendant is timely removing this case based on that discovery.

7 7. This Notice is timely filed as Defendant filed the Notice before the time for removal
passed. The Complaint and Summons were served on Defendant on May 19, 2021. (Decker Decl.
9 ¶ 2.) As such, the time to remove could not expire, at the earliest, until June 21, 2021, the first
10 court day which is 30 days after service of the Summons and Complaint. This Notice is therefore
11 timely, as it was filed on that date.

B. <u>Venue</u>

C.

8. The Superior Court of California for the County of Tulare is located within the
Eastern District of California, Fresno Division. Therefore, the action is properly removed to this
Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. section 84(d) because it is the "district and division embracing the
place where such action is pending." 28 U.S.C. § 1441(a).

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Procedural Requirements

9. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. section 1446(a), copies of all process, pleadings, and orders
served upon Defendant and filed by Defendant are attached as Exhibits A and B to this Notice of
Removal. (Decker Decl. ¶ 4.)

10. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. section 1446(d), a copy of this Notice of Removal is being
served upon counsel for Plaintiff and a copy is being filed with the Clerk of the Superior Court of
California in the County of Tulare and with the Clerk of the Eastern District of California. True
and correct copies of the Notice to the Plaintiff and the state court shall be filed promptly.

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III. THE CASE IS REMOVABLE PURSUANT TO CAFA

26 11. As set forth below, Plaintiff's claims as alleged in the Complaint are removable
27 under 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d).

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12. Under CAFA, the Federal District Court has jurisdiction if:

(a) There are at least 100 class members in all proposed plaintiff classes; and

3 (b) The combined claims of all class members exceed \$5 million exclusive of
4 interest and costs; and

5 13. Any class member (named or not) is a citizen of a different state than any defendant.
6 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332(d)(2), 1332(d)(5)(B), and 1453(a).

7 14. In Dart Cherokee Basin Operating Co. v. Owens, 132 S.Ct. 547 (2014), the U.S. 8 Supreme Court provided significant clarification to the standards applicable to notices of removal 9 in CAFA cases, establishing a much more liberal standard in favor of removing defendants. In 10 Dart Cherokee, the U.S. Supreme Court held that a removal must only contain "a short and plain 11 statement of the grounds for removal." Id. at 553 (quoting 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a)). The Court noted 12 that this same language is used for the pleading standard in Rule 8(a) of the Federal Rules of Civil 13 Procedure. Id. The use of this language in the removal statute was intentional—clearly indicating 14 that courts should apply the same liberal pleading standards to notices of removal as they should to 15 plaintiffs' complaints and other pleadings. *Id.* The Court further held that a removing defendant 16 need not submit evidence with its pleading that establishes that the elements of federal subject 17 matter jurisdiction are met. Id. at 552-53. Only if the court or another party challenges jurisdiction 18 should the court require a removing defendant to prove, under the applicable "preponderance" 19 standard, that the jurisdictional requirements are met. Id. at 553-54. The Court summarized its 20holding as follows: "[i]n sum, as specified in § 1446(a), a defendant's notice of removal need 21 include only a plausible allegation that the amount in controversy exceeds the jurisdictional 22 threshold. Evidence establishing the amount is required by \$1446(c)(2)(B) only when the plaintiff 23 contests, or the court questions, the defendant's allegation." Id. at 554. Also, there is no 24 "presumption against removal" in CAFA cases, because CAFA was specifically enacted by 25 Congress "to facilitate adjudication of certain class actions in federal court." Id.

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A. <u>There are at least 100 class members in all Proposed Plaintiff Classes.</u>

In this action, Plaintiff seeks to represent a proposed class defined as follows: "All
current and former hourly-paid or non-exempt employees who worked for any of the Defendants

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