| 1<br>2<br>3<br>4<br>5<br>6<br>7<br>8<br>9<br>10 | QUINN EMANUEL URQUHART & SULLIVAN, LLP ROBERT W. STONE (SBN 163513) (robertstone@quinnemanuel.com) BRIAN C. CANNON (SBN 193071) (briancannon@quinnemanuel.com) 555 Twin Dolphin Drive, 5th Floor Redwood Shores, California 94065-2139 Telephone: (650) 843-5000 Facsimile: (650) 849-7400  MICHAEL D. POWELL (SBN 202850) (mikepowell@quinnemanuel.com) 50 California Street, 22nd Floor San Francisco, California 94111-4788 Telephone: (415) 875-6600 Facsimile: (415) 875-6700  Attorneys for Plaintiff TOTAL RECALL TECHNOLOGIES |   |  |  |  |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| 12  | TOTAL RECALL TECHNOLOGIES   |   |  |  |  |
| 13  | UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  |   |  |  |  |
| 14  |   |   |  |  |  |
| 15  | SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION  |   |  |  |  |
| 16  |   |   |  |  |  |
| 17  | TOTAL RECALL TECHNOLOGIES,  | CASE NO. 3:15-CV-02281-WHA                                    |  |  |  |
| 18  | Plaintiff,  | PLAINTIFF TRT'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR JUDGMENT |  |  |  |
| 19  | VS.   | AS A MATTER OF LAW  |  |  |  |
| 20  | PALMER LUCKEY & FACEBOOK<br>TECHNOLOGIES, LLC (F/K/A  | Judge: The Honorable William Alsup                            |  |  |  |
| 21  | OCULUS VR, LLĆ),  | Courtroom: 12<br>Pre-Trial Conf.: September 29, 2021, 1:00 PM |  |  |  |
| 22  | Defendants.   | Trial Date: October 4, 2021                                   |  |  |  |
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## I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

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Defendant Palmer Luckey seeks judgment as a matter of law on Total Recall Technologies' ("TRT") breach of contract claim despite overwhelming evidence that Luckey breached his contractual obligations to TRT by failing to deliver one of the two prototypes he promised to TRT—the one prototype that Luckey built during his eighteen month relationship with TRT that even came close to meeting all of TRT's criteria: the Rift. Defendants further seek judgment as a matter of law on TRT's constructive fraud and unfair competition claims despite overwhelming evidence that (a) Luckey was not only TRT's agent but that he and TRT had entered into a confidential relationship sufficient to support its claims; and (b) Luckey fraudulently concealed (i) his work on the Rift, (ii) John Carmack's interest in the Rift and proposed use thereof; (iii) Luckey's plans and steps taken to organize Oculus LLC and commercialize the Rift, as well as his and Iribe's joint efforts to (i) formalize the organizational structure of Oculus after June 30, 2012 (where TRT should have been the business organization being capitalized or a cofounder thereof), (ii) assign the Rift to Oculus (when TRT was the rightful owner of the Rift), (iii) launch a Kickstarter campaign for the Rift Development Kit (which was a derivative of the Rift to which TRT held exclusive rights), and (iv) eventually initiate and close a seed round of financing for Oculus (in which TRT should have been the entity receiving the seed financing or been an equity participant therein).

By unlawfully usurping the opportunity to commercialize the Rift and its progeny, Defendants have caused TRT significant harm including the lost opportunity to (i) enjoy the momentum of John Carmack's endorsement of the Rift to attract additional talent to TRT to round out its management team, (ii) launch and complete a successful Kickstarter, (iii) pursue, participate in, and close a seed financing round where TRT would have invested additional capital to secure a higher percentage ownership in the business pursuing the Rift, (iv) pursue and close additional venture capital financing rounds to fund operations and research and development necessary to fuel the growth of the business, (v) the first to market with a consumer head-mounted display ("HMD") with TRT's stated criteria, and/or (vi) be introduced to Mark Zuckerberg and ultimately sell the company to Facebook for \$3 billion.



## II. BREACH OF CONTRACT

#### A. Luckey Breached His Agreement With TRT

Luckey breached his agreement with TRT by disclosing details of the designs he was building for TRT (such as the Rift) on the Meant to be Seen ("MTBS") forum, by failing to send the Rift prototype to TRT, and by working to commercialize the Rift on his own and with Oculus. These unauthorized actions were either (i) in breach of Luckey's promise in December 2010 to work with TRT to bring to market a commercial HMD; (ii) in breach of Luckey's duty to take such care as necessary to keep his designs for TRT eligible for an exclusive license; or (iii) in breach of his duty to design and deliver in good faith a single panel prototype with a horizontal field of view of at least 100 degrees.

## 1. Luckey should not have marketed the Rift HMD design without TRT

Luckey and Seidl agreed in December 2010 to work together to bring a commercial HMD to market. TX-0170; Tr. at 677:17-678:3; 688:16-689:10. Despite Luckey's promises, he initially

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Defendants' effort to make "not for gaming" a TRT criteria is not supported by the record evidence. Luckey never asks whether the HMD will be used for gaming. Rather, in response to a question by Luckey about how important is size relative to weight, Seidl volunteers that because he will not be using it for gaming the prototype will not need to endure violent quick moves. TX-0108.0007. Of course, because low-latency head tracking was one of TRT's criteria (id.), the prototype had to anticipate considerable head movement. Luckey's trial testimony that Seidl repeatedly told him the device was not for gaming is simply not corroborated in the extensive written record. Rather, the contemporaneous evidence shows that other than the December 14, 2010 email (TX-0108), Seidl did not even tell Luckey what the intended use was—for viewing 360-degree 3D camera content—until AFTER the contract was executed. TX-0125.0020 ("At last [on August 15, 2011] some info for you below. We have developed a 360 3D video lens array.") Luckey admits that he had that information AFTER the contract was signed: "Does this refresh your recollection that, in fact, he was telling you for the first time on August 15, 2011, that TRT had developed a 360 3D video lens array? A. Yes." Tr. at 754:6-9; see also id. at 10-18. Of course, Luckey specified and bought all of the parts for the HMD months and months earlier in April 2011 including the three Vitrolight Hydis panels **BEFORE** he even knew what the intended use case was. See Stip. Fact No. 12; TX-0202; Tr. at 752:8-753:10. After Seidl first disclosed he camera, the MK1 was nearly finalized and was shipped to Seidl just days later—in fact, Luckey told Seidl on August 17, 2011: "As far as the edges of the screen, I will see what I can do. I have already finalized most of the build for this prototype, so changes are tough" TX-0125.0007.



Luckey admitted at trial that Seidl had not told him about the camera before August 15, 2011. See

755:11-25. Thus, no evidence suggests that modifications were necessary to adapt the general

purpose HMD for use with pre-recorded video.

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