

1 Matthew K. Blackburn (SBN 261959)
mblackburn@diamondmccarthy.com
2 DIAMOND McCARTHY LLP
150 California Street Suite 2200
3 San Francisco, California 94111
4 T: 415.692.5200 | F: 415.263.9200

5 Allan B. Diamond (*pro hac vice to be filed*)
adiamond@diamondmccarthy.com
6 John Sample (*pro hac vice to be filed*)
john.sample@diamondmccarthy.com
7 DIAMOND McCARTHY LLP
8 909 Fannin Street, 37th Floor
Houston, Texas 77010
9 T: 713.333.5100 | F: 713.333.5199

10 *Attorneys for Plaintiffs*
11 NANTWORKS, LLC and
NANT HOLDINGS IP, LLC

12 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**
13 **NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**
14

15 NANTWORKS, LLC, and NANT
16 HOLDINGS IP, LLC,

17 Plaintiffs,

18 v.

19 NIANTIC, INC.,
20

21 Defendant.

Case No. 3:20-cv-06262

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

22
23 Plaintiffs NantWorks, LLC (“NantWorks”) and Nant Holdings IP, LLC
24 (“Nant IP”) (collectively, “Plaintiffs”), by and through their undersigned counsel, bring this
25 action for patent infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271 against defendant Niantic, Inc.
26 (“Niantic” or “Defendant”) alleging, based upon personal knowledge with respect to
27 themselves and their own acts and on information and belief as to other matters, as follows:
28

INTRODUCTION

1
2 1. This is a civil action by plaintiffs NantWorks and Nant IP against
3 defendant Niantic to stop its infringement of U.S. Patent Nos. 10,403,051 (the
4 “‘051 Patent”), 10,614,477 (the “‘477 Patent”), and 10,664,518 (the “‘518 Patent”)
5 (collectively, the “Asserted Patents”), which claim groundbreaking augmented reality
6 (“AR”) and gaming systems and methods for using them.

7 2. Plaintiffs develop various technologies to advance healthcare,
8 commerce, and digital entertainment. NantWorks founder, Dr. Patrick Soon-Shiong, comes
9 from a medical background, and has pioneered revolutionary new therapies for both cancer
10 and diabetes by combining medical, engineering, and other disciplines. He is passionate
11 about the innovative potential of converging disparate technologies and creative talents, and
12 his inventions have been recognized by the issuance of hundreds of patents worldwide
13 ranging from breakthrough cancer therapies to mobile location-based services. Dr. Soon-
14 Shiong also is an avid investor in entrepreneurial companies with game-changing
15 technologies in the fields of healthcare, education, science, and technology.

16 3. Through multiyear efforts, involving investments of tens of millions of
17 dollars and the work of dozens of employees, Plaintiffs have developed a wide array of
18 proprietary intellectual property relating to digital entertainment, including AR. As
19 innovators, Plaintiffs safeguard their valuable intellectual property and have patented the
20 cutting-edge features of their AR, image recognition, and gaming technologies that make
21 digital entertainment products useful, efficient, and engaging for the end-user, including the
22 Asserted Patents.

23 4. Defendant Niantic directly infringes the Asserted Patents by making,
24 using, offering to sell, and/or selling in the United States and/or importing into the United
25 States AR games (including its Pokémon Go Application (“Pokémon Go App”) and its
26 Harry Potter Application (“Harry Potter App”). When these AR games are downloaded
27 onto mobile devices, permitted to interact with backend servers, and used by Niantic, its
28 employees, or its agents, these games practice the inventions claimed in one or more claims

1 of each of the Asserted Patents, as detailed below.

2 5. Defendant Niantic also indirectly infringes the Asserted Patents by
3 inducing its customers and/or consumer end-users to directly infringe the Asserted Patents.
4 Niantic induces infringement by providing AR games, including its Pokémon Go App and
5 its Harry Potter App, that when downloaded onto mobile devices, which devices are
6 permitted to interact with backend servers, and used by customers and/or consumer end-
7 users for AR gaming, as directed and intended by Niantic, cause those customers and/or
8 end-users to practice the inventions claimed in one or more claims of the Asserted Patents,
9 as detailed below.

10 6. Plaintiffs bring this suit to stop Niantic's free-riding on their patented
11 technologies, and they seek damages and other relief for Niantic's infringement of the
12 Asserted Patents.

13 **THE PARTIES**

14 7. Plaintiff NantWorks, LLC is a Delaware limited liability company
15 with its principal place of business located at 9920 Jefferson Boulevard, Culver City,
16 California 90232. NantWorks is the exclusive licensee of patents covering digital
17 entertainment (such as AR and gaming technologies), including the Asserted Patents.

18 8. Plaintiff Nant Holdings IP, LLC is a Delaware limited liability
19 company with its principal place of business located at 9920 Jefferson Boulevard, Culver
20 City, California 90232. Nant IP owns patents covering digital entertainment (such as AR
21 and gaming technologies), including the Asserted Patents.

22 9. Defendant Niantic, Inc. is a Delaware corporation with its principal
23 place of business located at 2 Bryant Street, Suite 220, San Francisco, California 94105.
24 Niantic maintains offices in San Francisco, California, operates and owns the websites
25 located at www.nianticlabs.com and niantic.helpshift.com, and markets, offers, and
26 distributes throughout the United States (including in California and within this District) AR
27 gaming applications, including the Pokémon Go App and the Harry Potter App, that
28 infringe the Asserted Patents as set out herein.

1 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

2 10. This is an action for patent infringement arising under the Patent Laws
3 of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 1 *et seq.* This Court has exclusive subject matter
4 jurisdiction over this Complaint and the matters asserted herein under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331
5 and 1338(a).

6 11. This Court has both general and specific personal jurisdiction over
7 Niantic, who has established minimum contacts with this forum such that the exercise of
8 jurisdiction over Niantic would not offend traditional notions of fair play and substantial
9 justice. Niantic is registered to do business in the State of California (Registration
10 No. C3815285). Niantic maintains regular and established places of business in California,
11 including its principal place of business in this District, and conducts continuous and
12 systematic business in California, including in this District and elsewhere in California. In
13 addition, Niantic has committed, and continues to commit, acts that infringe the Asserted
14 Patents in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271 in California (including in this District) by, among
15 other things, making, using, testing, offering to sell, selling, and/or importing products and
16 services that infringe the Asserted Patents, as set forth herein. In conducting business in
17 California and in this District, Niantic derives substantial revenue from the infringing
18 products being used, offered for sale, sold, and/or imported in California and this District.
19 These acts by Niantic have caused injury to Plaintiffs in California, including in this
20 District.

21 12. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b),
22 at least because Niantic has committed and continues to commit acts of direct and indirect
23 patent infringement in this District giving rise to this action, regularly conducts business in
24 this District, has a regular and established place of business in this District and employs
25 engineers and/or other personnel within this District, including at its principal place of
26 business in San Francisco, and is subject to personal jurisdiction in this District.

27 **INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT**

28 13. This is an intellectual property action to be assigned on a district-wide

1 basis under Civil Local Rule 3-2(c).

2 **BACKGROUND**

3 **NantWorks' Innovation**

4 14. Although the potential of digital entertainment (including AR and
5 gaming) was clear by 2011, developers faced daunting technical challenges in trying to
6 incorporate these technologies into mobile devices. Digital entertainment products had to
7 deliver on the promise of a fun and engaging experience at speeds and with a visual quality
8 that was unknown at that time in mobile devices.

9 15. That same year NantWorks was founded and invested in Fourth Wall
10 Studios, a Culver City, California-based company, to develop immersive storytelling
11 techniques for gaming. This began a four-year effort toward developing original digital
12 entertainment content to enable interaction with fictional worlds using mobile devices,
13 browsers, and even social networks.

14 16. Nantworks' engineers initially began conceptualizing an AR game,
15 which they would later call "Scavenger Hunt," and by December 2012 they had a fully
16 operational application which allowed teams of Nantworks' employees to use their mobile
17 devices and search for AR objects around the company's office during a NantWorks'
18 holiday party.

19 17. By 2013, Nantworks' AR technologies had caught the attention of
20 Jakks Pacific (a leading toy and consumer products company), which partnered with
21 Nantworks to develop AR toys using Nantworks' groundbreaking image recognition
22 technology to allow children to interact with associated AR characters using their mobile
23 device's camera:

24
25
26
27
28

Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time alerts** and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.