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| 11 | Attorneys for Plaintiffs | |
| 12 | and the Proposed Class | |
| 13 | THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT | |
| 14 | FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA | |
| 15 | SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION | |
| 16 | MEREDITH CALLAHAN and LAWRENCE GEOFFREY ABRAHAM, on behalf of | Case No. 3:20-cv-8437 |
| 17 | themselves and all others similarly situated, | CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATION OF CAL. CIV. CODE § 3344, |
| 18 | Plaintiffs, | AND CAL. BUS. & PROF. CODE § 17200, |
| 19 | V. | INTRUSION UPON SECLUSION, UNJUST ENRICHMENT |
| 20 | | |
| 21 | ANCESTRY.COM OPERATIONS INC., a Virginia Corporation; ANCESTRY.COM, INC., | <u>CLASS ACTION</u> |
| 22 | a Delaware Corporation; ANCESTRY.COM LLC, a Delaware Limited Liability Company; | JURY TRIAL DEMANDED |
| 23 | and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive, | JUNI I RIAL DEMIANDED |
| 24 | Defendants. | |
| 25 | | |
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Plaintiffs MEREDITH CALLAHAN and LAWRENCE GEOFFREY
 ABRAHAM, by and through their attorneys, make the following allegations on information and belief, except as to factual allegations pertaining to Plaintiffs, which are based on personal knowledge.

INTRODUCTION

- 2. Plaintiffs bring this class action complaint against ANCESTRY.COM
 OPERATIONS, INC.; ANCESTRY.COM, INC; ANCESTRY.COM LLC; and DOES 1
 through 50 (collectively, "Ancestry") for knowingly misappropriating the photographs,
 likenesses, names, and identities of Plaintiffs and the class; knowingly using those photographs,
 likenesses, names, and identities for the commercial purpose of selling access to them in
 Ancestry products and services; and knowingly using those photographs, likenesses, names,
 and identities to advertise, sell, and solicit purchases of Ancestry services and products; without
 obtaining prior consent from Plaintiffs and the class.
- 3. Ancestry's business model relies on amassing huge databases of personal information, including names, photographs, addresses, places of birth, estimated ages, schools attended, and other biological information, then selling access to that information for subscription fees. Ancestry's databases comprise billions of records belonging to hundreds of millions of Americans. The main subject of this lawsuit is Ancestry's database, entitled "U.S., School Yearbooks, 1900-1999" ("Ancestry Yearbook Database"), which includes the names, photographs, cities of residence, and schools attended of many millions of Americans.

 According to the Ancestry website, the Ancestry Yearbook Database includes over 60 million individual records from California schools and universities.
- 4. Ancestry has not received consent from, given notice to, or provided compensation to tens of millions of Californians whose names, photographs, biographical information, and identities appear in its Ancestry Yearbook Database.
- The names, photographs, cities of residence, schools attended, estimated ages, likenesses, and identities contained in the Ancestry Yearbook Database uniquely identify specific individuals.



- 6. Ancestry knowingly uses the names, photographs, cities of residence, schools attended, estimated ages, likenesses, and identities in its Ancestry Yearbook Database on and in its products and services. Ancestry sells access to those records to paying subscribers. In exchange for subscription payments ranging from \$24.99 to \$49.99 per month, depending on the plan, Ancestry subscribers receive the ability to search, view, and download records in Ancestry databases, including the names, photographs, cities of residence, schools attended, estimated ages, likenesses, and identities Ancestry has amassed in its Ancestry Yearbook Database without consent.
- 7. Ancestry knowingly uses the names, photographs, cities of residence, schools attended, estimated ages, likenesses, and identities in its Ancestry Yearbook Database to advertise, sell, and solicit the purchase of its monthly subscription products and services, including its "U.S. Discovery," "World Explorer," and "All Access" subscription plans.
- 8. Ancestry advertises and promotes its products and services to new subscribers by offering a 14-day promotional "free trial" that provides temporary access to search, view, and download records from Ancestry's databases. Users who sign up for the promotional "free trial" provide payment information but are not billed until the promotional "free trial" expires and may cancel before the trial expires without charge. During the promotional "free trial," users are encouraged to search Ancestry Databases, including its Yearbook Database, for the names of any people they may know or be curious about. In response to searches of the Ancestry Yearbook Database, users receive a list records, each of which corresponds to a specific identifiable person, and includes the individual's name, yearbook photo, estimated age, city of residence, school attended, and year of attendance. "Free trial" users may view and download full-resolution versions of yearbook photos of the individuals they have searched.
- 9. The sole purpose of offering the promotional "free trial" is to induce users to subscribe to its paid product and service. By providing access to and encouraging use of its Ancestry Yearbook Database as part of its promotional "free trial", Ancestry is knowingly using the names, photographs, and likenesses of Plaintiffs and the class to advertise, sell, and solicit the purchase of its subscription products and services.



- 10. Ancestry also advertises is monthly subscription products and services by providing a promotional limited-access version of its website. Any visitor to the Ancestry website may access the promotional limited-access version, even if they have not provided contact information or signed up for the promotional "free trial." Users on the promotional limited-access version are encouraged to search Ancestry Databases, including its Yearbook Database, for the names of any people they may know or be curious about. In response to searches of the Ancestry Yearbook Database, users receive a list records, each of which corresponds to a specific identifiable person, and includes the individual's name, city of residence, and a low-resolution version of a yearbook photo. Users of the promotional limited-access version of the website may view the low-resolution photo, allowing them to confirm the record corresponds to the person they are searching for. Users cannot view the full-resolution version of the photograph or view additional information about the person such as estimated age, name of school, and yearbook year. If users click to view this information, they are encouraged to "sign up now" for a paid subscription.
- 11. The sole purpose of offering the promotional limited-access version of the website is to induce users to subscribe to its paid product and service. By providing access to and encouraging use of its Ancestry Yearbook Database as part of its promotional limited-access website for non-subscribers, Ancestry is knowingly using the names, photographs, and likenesses of Plaintiffs and the class to advertise, sell, and solicit the purchase of its subscription products and services.
- 12. Ancestry also advertises using targeted promotional email messages that include names, photographs, images, likenesses, and other personal information it has amassed in its databases. These targeted promotional email messages are intended to entice potential customers to purchase a paid subscription, and to entice existing customers to upgrade to more expensive plans. For example, in one of its more ghoulish advertising techniques, Ancestry sends to potential subscribers' photographs of the gravesites of their deceased relatives, promising that a paid subscription will reveal even more information about the deceased. On information and belief, Ancestry also sends to potential subscribers' messages containing



names, photographs, images, biographical information, and likenesses from its Yearbook Database, including the names, photographs, images, biographical information, and likenesses of Plaintiffs and the class.

- 13. Ancestry appropriated and continues to grow its massive databases of personal information, including its Ancestry Yearbook Database, which contains the names, photographs, cities of residence, schools attended, estimated ages, likenesses, and identities of tens of millions of Californians. Ancestry uses these records both as the core element of its products and services, and to sell and advertise its products and services, without providing any notice to the human beings who are its subjects. Ancestry did not ask the consent of the people whose personal information and photographs it profits from. Nor has it offered them any compensation for the ongoing use of their names, photographs, likenesses, and identities as part of its products and services, and to sell and advertise its products and services.
- 14. These practices, as further detailed in this complaint, violate the California right to publicity as codified in Cal. Civ. Code § 3344; the California Unfair Competition Law, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 et seq.; California's common law right protecting against Intrusion upon Seclusion; and California Unjust Enrichment law.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

15. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d) (the Class Action Fairness Act ("CAFA")), because: (A) all members of the putative class are citizens of a state different from any defendant. According to available public records, while defendants maintain an office in San Francisco, California, Defendants are all incorporated in either Delaware or Virginia, and are headquartered in Utah. The class members are residents of California. (B) The proposed class consists of at least 100 members. Ancestry advertises that its Ancestry Yearbook Database comprises about 730 million individual records collected from "more than 450,000 yearbooks and more than 62 million pages." A search of the database for records located in "California, USA" returns in excess of 60 million individual records. Even accounting for the fact that some individuals may appear in multiple records, that some are deceased or no longer live in California while others have moved into the state, and that the



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