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14	Attorneys for Plaintiff RUMBLE, INC.		
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16	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
17	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
18	OAKLAND DIVISION		
19			
20	RUMBLE, INC.,	Case No. 4:21-cv-00229-HSG	
21	Plaintiff,	FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AND INJUNCTIVE	
22	v.	RELIEF DUE TO ANTITRUST VIOLATIONS	
23	GOOGLE LLC and DOES 1-10, inclusive,	VIOLATIONS	
24	Defendants.	Judge: Hon. Haywood S. Gilliam, Jr.	
25			
26	For its first amended complaint against defendant Google LLC ("Google" or		
27	"Defendant"), plaintiff Rumble, Inc. ("Rumble") alleges as follows:		
28	, (,	



INTRODUCTION

- 1. Rumble brings this action under Section 2 of the Sherman Act, (15 U.S.C. §2), and Sections 4 and 15 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. §§ 4 and 15), against Google for monetary damages well in excess of \$2,000,000,000 that Rumble has sustained and continues to sustain as a proximate result of Google's antitrust violations, and for injunctive relief to prevent Google from monopolizing, attempting to monopolize, and continuing unlawfully to maintain its monopoly in the relevant market online video sharing and viewing services or platforms (the "online video platform market") through anticompetitive and exclusionary practices.
- 2. These practices include Google rigging searches purposefully and unlawfully to always give preference to Google's YouTube video platform over Rumble (and other platforms) in Google search results, such that the Google search page result for online videos lists links to the YouTube site as the first search results, even if the search specified Rumble, such as "dog videos on rumble."
- 3. By unfairly rigging its search algorithms (or through other means or mechanisms) such that YouTube is the first-listed links "above the fold" on its search results page, Google, through its search engine, was able to wrongfully divert massive traffic to YouTube, depriving Rumble of the additional traffic, users, uploads, brand awareness and revenue it would have otherwise received.
- 4. Google has also engaged in exclusionary conduct by which it has wrongfully achieved and has maintained its dominance and monopoly power in search in the increasingly mobile ecosystem and has also thereby attempted to monopolize and has monopolized the online video platform market. Google's conduct in this regard is similar to a "bait and switch" scheme, whereby Google acquired the Android operating system, and made it "open source," meaning that it was free for anyone to use. That was the "bait." Otherwise skeptical manufacturers of smart devices such as mobile phones were lured by that bait, and



- assuming they could adopt the now-open-source Android operating system for their devices without having to pay a licensing fee, develop their own system, or relinquish control over their own devices, did so, such that all but Apple adopted the Android operating system. This in turn caused independent, third party app developers, who of course wanted their apps to have the largest possible potential consumer pool, to develop their apps to be compatible with the Android system. Google then created apps (such as Google Play, which is an online app superstore) and other functionalities (that will be described in detail below) that became gottahave items for manufacturers and distributors of smart devices if they wanted to be able to compete in the marketplace. This allowed Google to do what had generally been thought to be impossible control that which it had given away to all for free (i.e., the basic Android operating system).
- 5. Now came the "switch." These manufacturers and distributors found themselves in a position that in order to obtain these gotta-have items which could only be obtained from Google, they had to agree to various Google-imposed agreements. For example, one such agreement forced Android-based smartphone manufacturers to include, among others, YouTube as a preinstalled app on their phones (and to give it a preferred location on the phone's default opening page, and make it undeletable by the user).
- 6. This conduct has damaged and continues to damage Rumble by further self-preferencing YouTube over Rumble (and other platforms, which harms competition generally in the online video platform market, damages Rumble specifically, and harms consumers). Because much of the online searching for videos is now done on smartphones, this further ensures that Google's YouTube platform receives unfair preferential treatment. Google thus engaged in exclusionary conduct to wrongfully acquire and maintain a monopoly over the online video platform market. Google's exclusionary conduct has included contractual and other vertical restrictions that limit competitors' access to, and

ability to compete in, the online vide platform market.

- 7. Rumble is unique among companies attempting to compete in the online video platform market in that it has an extensive catalog of exclusively-assigned original content videos, thus differentiating itself from other online video platforms. Rumble receives between \$10 and \$30 per thousand views of its exclusive videos on its platform, but when that search traffic has been diverted to YouTube through Google's wrongful conduct, Rumble has received only forty-eight cents (\$0.48) on average per thousand views of its videos from Google/YouTube. It is Google's unlawfully acquired monopoly power in the relevant market that has allowed it to pay so little, and keep so much, of the advertising revenue.
- 8. Unlike other websites or video platforms, Rumble, with its thousands of high value exclusive video assets which it has syndicated to YouTube (which have generated billions of views on YouTube), has the unique ability to discover, track and determine its damages both on its exclusive and on its non-exclusive catalog, which have been proximately caused by Google's unlawful conduct. Notably, this conduct is also in violation of Google's own duplicate content and original sourced reporting best practices which it purports to follow, but evidently does not.
- 9. Set forth below are screenshots (Figures 1 and 2) showing a recent example of this unlawful self-preferencing by Google of its own video platform, YouTube. The searched-for video is entitled "Baby preciously cuddles cat for nap time." It is a Rumble exclusive video, so Rumble is the original source for that video. That title "Baby preciously cuddles cat for nap time" is verbatim how it is listed on the Rumble platform. Because Rumble is the original source, it was able to syndicate (*i.e.*, release) the video to whom and when it chose. In this instance, to test whether the Google search algorithms were rigged (and/or Google was otherwise manipulating the search results) to give unfair preference to

YouTube, Rumble "handicapped" YouTube by releasing the video to Google/YouTube last.

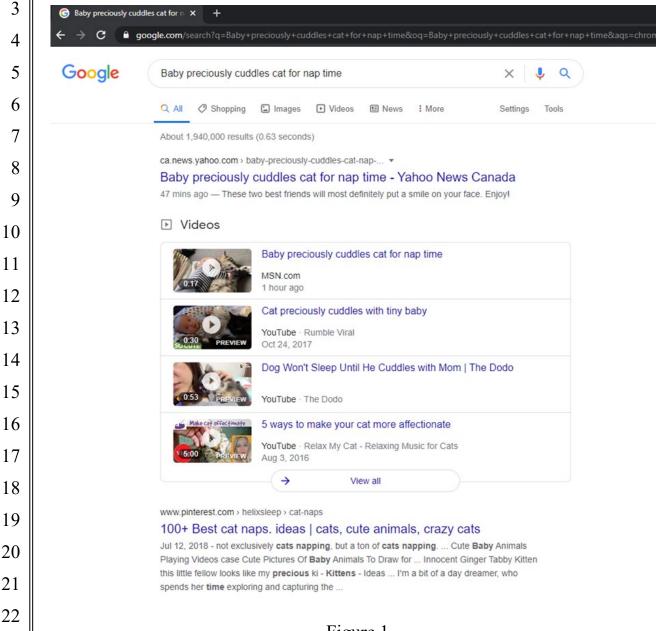


Figure 1

10. Figure 1 depicts the Google search results page for a search for "Baby preciously cuddles cat for nap time." This search was made after Rumble released this video only to MSN and Yahoo, and before Rumble released it to YouTube. As seen, Yahoo is listed first, followed by MSN and then followed by multiple miscellaneous unrelated YouTube videos that do not contain, in fact, are not even



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