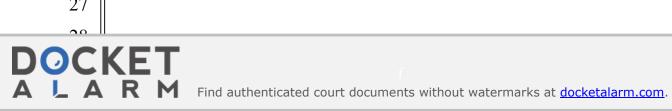
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5	Attorney for Plaintiff the Cleveland Bakers and Teamsters Pension Fund	
$\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$	[Additional Counsel on Signature Page]	
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN JOSE DIVISION	
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11	CLEVELAND BAKERS AND TEAMSTERS PENSION FUND,	Case No.
12	Individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE
13	Plaintiff,	FEDERAL SECURITIES LAWS
14	V.	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
15		<u>DEMINIOTOR JUNE TRINE</u>
16	NETFLIX, INC., REED HASTINGS, THEODORE SARANDOS, SPENCER NEUMANN, and GREGORY	
17	PETERS,	
18	Defendants.	
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Plaintiff the Cleveland Bakers and Teamsters Pension Fund ("Plaintiff")

individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, by and through its attorneys,

alleges the following upon information and belief, except as to those allegations

concerning Plaintiff, which are alleged upon personal knowledge. Plaintiff's

information and belief is based upon, among other things, its counsel's investigation,

which includes without limitation: (a) review and analysis of regulatory filings made

by Netflix, Inc. ("Netflix" or the "Company") with the United States Securities and

Exchange Commission (the "SEC"); (b) review and analysis of press releases and

media reports issued by and disseminated by Netflix; and (c) review of other publicly

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NATURE OF THE ACTION AND OVERVIEW

available information concerning Netflix.

- 1. This is a class action on behalf of persons and entities that purchased or otherwise acquired Netflix common stock between January 19, 2021 and April 19, 2022, inclusive (the "Class Period"). Plaintiff pursues claims against Defendants for violations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act").
- 2. Netflix is an entertainment company that creates and distributes television series, documentaries, and feature films on its eponymous streaming platform. A primary metric Netflix uses to measure growth is the net number of new paid subscriptions (often referred to as "paid net adds") on its platform.
- 3. On January 20, 2022, after the market closed, Netflix reported paid net adds of 8.3 million subscribers during the fourth quarter of 2021, shy of its 8.5 million forecast. The Company also provided weak paid net add guidance of 2.5 million subscribers for the first quarter of 2022, well under the prior year period's 4.0 million paid net adds.
- 4. On this news, the Company's stock price fell \$110.75, or nearly 22%, to close at \$397.50 per share on January 21, 2022, on unusually heavy trading volume.

DOCKET A L A R M

- 5. On April 19, 2022, after the market closed, Netflix reported that instead of gaining 2.5 net subscriptions, it had lost 200,000 subscriptions during the first quarter of 2022. The Company disclosed, belatedly, that account sharing and competition from other services were hampering growth.
- 6. On this news, the price of Netflix stock price fell \$122.42, or over 35%, to close at \$226.19 per share on April 20, 2022, on unusually heavy trading volume.
- 7. Throughout the Class Period, Defendants made materially false and/or misleading statements, as well as failed to disclose material adverse facts about the Company's business, operations, and prospects. Specifically, Defendants failed to disclose to investors that: (1) account sharing by customers and increased competition from other streaming services were becoming significant headwinds; (2) the Company was experiencing difficulties retaining customers; (3) as a result of the foregoing, the Company's growth was decelerating; (4) as a result of the foregoing, the Company's financial results were being adversely affected; and (5) as a result of the foregoing, Defendants' positive statements about the Company's business, operations, and prospects were materially false and/or misleading and/or lacked a reasonable basis.
- 8. As a result of Defendants' wrongful acts and omissions, and the precipitous declines in the price of the Company's securities, Plaintiff and other Class members have suffered significant losses and damages.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 9. The claims asserted herein arise under Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. § 78j(b)) and SEC Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder (17 C.F.R. §240.10b-5), and under Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. § 78t(a)). This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and Section 27 of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. § 78aa).
- 10. Venue is proper in this Judicial District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and Section 27 of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. § 78aa(c)) because Netflix's principal place

of business lies in Los Gatos, California, which is within this Judicial District. In addition, many of the violations of the federal securities laws alleged herein were made within this Judicial District.

11. In connection with the acts, transactions, and conduct alleged herein, Defendants directly and indirectly used the means and instrumentalities of interstate commerce, including but not limited to the United States mail, interstate telephone communications, and the facilities of a national securities exchange.

PARTIES

- 12. Plaintiff the Cleveland Bakers and Teamsters Pension Fund, as set forth in the accompanying certification, incorporated by reference herein, purchased Netflix securities during the Class Period, and suffered damages as a result of the federal securities law violations and false and misleading statements and material omissions alleged herein.
- 13. Defendant Netflix is incorporated under the laws of Delaware and has its principal executive offices in Los Gatos, California. Netflix's common stock trades on the NASDAQ under the symbol "NFLX."
- 14. Defendant Reed Hastings ("Hastings") was the Co-Chief Executive Officer ("Co-CEO"), President, and Chairperson of the Company at all relevant times.
- 15. Defendant Ted Sarandos ("Sarandos") was the Co-CEO, Chief Content Creator, and a director of the Company at all relevant times.
- 16. Defendant Spencer Neumann ("Neumann") was the Company's Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") at all relevant times.
- 17. Defendant Gregory Peters ("Peters") was the Company's Chief Operating Officer and Chief Product Officer at all relevant times.
- 18. Defendants Hastings, Sarandos, Neumann, and Peters (collectively the "Individual Defendants"), possessed and exercised their power and authority to control the contents of the Company's SEC filings, press releases, and other market

communications. They were provided with copies of the Company's SEC filings, press releases, and statements in earnings calls, which were later shown to be misleading, prior to or shortly after their issuance and had the ability and opportunity to prevent their issuance or to cause them to be corrected or supplemented so as to not be materially misleading or incomplete. Because of their control over the Company, and their access to material information available to them but not to the public, the Individual Defendants knew that the adverse facts specified herein had not been disclosed to and were being concealed from the public, and that the positive representations being made were then materially false and misleading. The Individual Defendants are liable for the false statements and omissions pleaded herein.

SUBSTANTIVE ALLEGATIONS

Background

19. Netflix primarily operates an entertainment platform that offers TV series, documentaries, feature films, and mobile games across a variety of genres and languages. It also offers a DVD-by-mail service in the U.S.

Materially False and Misleading Statements

20. The Class Period begins on January 19, 2021. On that date, the Company reported its fourth quarter 2020 financial results, stating in relevant part:

Average paid streaming memberships increased 23% year over year in Q4, while average revenue per membership was flat year over year both on a reported and foreign exchange (F/X) neutral basis. Revenue was 1% higher than our guidance forecast, as paid net adds exceeded our 6.0m projection by 2.5m. Operating margin of 14.4% (a 600bps increase from Q4'19) also came in above our guidance, due to higher-than-expected revenue. EPS of \$1.19 vs. \$1.30 a year ago included a \$258m non-cash unrealized loss from F/X remeasurement on our Euro denominated debt.

For the full year, our 37m paid net additions represented a 31% increase from 2019's 28m paid net adds. We're becoming an increasingly global service with 83% of our paid net adds in 2020 coming from outside the UCAN region. Our EMEA region accounted for 41% of our full year paid net adds, while APAC was the second largest



DOCKET

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