

Richard Morin (SBN 285275)  
Law Office of Rick Morin, PC  
500 Newport Center Drive Suite 610  
Newport Beach, CA 92660  
Phone: (949) 996-3094  
Email: legal@rickmorin.net

Attorney for Plaintiff

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

LaTasha Turner,

Plaintiff,

v.

Lyft, Inc.,

Defendant.

Case No.

**COMPLAINT**

**JURY TRIAL DEMANDED**

Plaintiff LaTasha Turner ("Plaintiff"), alleges:

**INTRODUCTION**

1. Plaintiff brings this action against Lyft, Inc. ("Lyft") for unlawfully and intentionally discriminating against Plaintiff because of Plaintiff's disability and denying Plaintiff equal access to its services.

**PARTIES**

2. Plaintiff is a natural person. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Plaintiff is and has been considered disabled.

3. Lyft is a Delaware Corporation with its principal place of business in San Francisco, California. At all times relevant, Lyft has done and did business in California.

4. Lyft owns and operates the ride-sharing or ride-hailing mobile application and service also known simply as Lyft or the Lyft App.

//

**JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

5. The Court has subject matter jurisdiction over the action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1343(a)(3) & (a)(4).

6. Pursuant to supplemental jurisdiction, 28 U.S.C. § 1367, an attendant and related cause of action, arising from the same nucleus of operative facts and arising out of the same transactions, is also brought under California state law.

7. Venue is proper in this court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and is founded on the fact that Lyft's principal office is within this judicial district.

**FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

8. Plaintiff suffers from a disability, and/or medical conditions that is a disability.

9. Plaintiff suffers from, among other things, a traumatic brain injury and bulging disks from her neck to her lower back related to a tragic 2020 auto accident.

10. Plaintiff's symptoms limit, some substantially, Plaintiff's major life activities.

11. Plaintiff has mobility issues that prevent her from safely bending over to pick up objects that she drops on the floor.

12. Plaintiff utilizes a service dog to help address the challenges resulting from Plaintiff's disability, which Plaintiff deals with on a daily basis.

13. Plaintiff's service dog is trained in specific tasks to assist Plaintiff with the symptoms of Plaintiff's disability, including, but not limited to, picking up objects that Plaintiff drops on the floor or ground.

14. Plaintiff was denied Lyft rides on the following occasions only after informing her Lyft driver via in-app message that she was accompanied by a service animal:

- a. July 22 with driver "Dusan"
- b. July 22 with driver "Jose"
- c. July 22 with driver "Leslie"
- d. July 25 with driver "Beverly"
- e. July 30 with driver "Huron"

15. On each of these occasions, Plaintiff summoned a ride using Lyft's mobile application.

20. Plaintiff has been injured as result of Lyft's conduct, including, but not limited to, emotional distress, frustration, and embarrassment.

42 U.S.C. § 12101, et seq.

26. The ADA prohibits, among other types of discrimination, failure to make reasonable modifications in policies, practices, or procedures when such modifications are necessary to afford

1 such goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations to individuals with  
2 disabilities.

3 27. Lyft's policy results in active discrimination against disabled patrons utilizing service  
4 animals.

5 28. Lyft's conduct knowingly and willfully denies and excludes Plaintiff from equal access  
6 to their public accommodation.

7 29. As a result of Lyft's conduct, Lyft actively and blatantly denies Plaintiff equal access to  
8 to Lyft's platform and the rides that Lyft offers to provide to Plaintiff. Plaintiff faces continuing  
9 discrimination. Plaintiff continues to suffer denial of access and faces the prospect of unpleasant and  
10 discriminatory treatment should Plaintiff attempt to rebook rides with Lyft.

11 30. It is readily achievable for Lyft to provide Plaintiff and other disabled people like  
12 Plaintiff full and equal access to the Lyft App services.

13 31. Lyft does not have any legitimate business justification to excuse their denial of  
14 Plaintiff's equal access.

15 32. Plaintiff seeks relief pursuant to remedies set forth in section 204(a) of the Civil Rights  
16 Act of 1964 (42 USC 2000(a)-3(a)), and/or pursuant to Federal Regulations adopted to implement the  
17 Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

18 33. Plaintiff is a qualified disabled person for purposes of the ADA who is being subjected  
19 to discrimination on the basis of disability in violation of Title III and who has reasonable grounds for  
20 believing Plaintiff will be subjected to such discrimination each time that Plaintiff may attempt to use  
21 the Lyft App, in light of Lyft's conduct.

22 34. Lyft's acts have proximately caused and will continue to cause irreparable injury to  
23 Plaintiff if not enjoined by this Court.

24 35. Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief as to Lyft's inaccessible policies. Plaintiff seeks  
25 preliminary and permanent injunctive relief to enjoin and eliminate the discriminatory practices that  
26 deny full and equal access for disabled persons. Further, Plaintiff seeks an award of reasonable statutory  
27 attorney fees, litigation expenses, and costs.

28 //

**SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

**Denial of Full and Equal Access to Public Facilities in a Public Accommodation**

Civ. Code §§ 54 *et seq.*

36. Plaintiff incorporates all prior paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

37. The Lyft App is an accommodation, public accommodation, or other place to which the general public is invited.

38. Lyft denied and interfered with Plaintiff's ability to access the Lyft App and the services provided through it.

39. Plaintiff wishes to use the Lyft App but is substantially deterred from it because the lack of access and the significant policy barriers will foreseeably cause Plaintiff further difficulty, discomfort, and embarrassment. Plaintiff is unable, so long as such acts and omissions of Lyft continues, to achieve equal access to and use of the Lyft App.

40. As a result of the denial of full and equal access to the described facilities and due to the acts and omissions of Lyft in owning and operating the Lyft App, Plaintiff has suffered a violation of civil rights, including but not limited to rights under Civil Code sections 54 and 54.1, and has suffered difficulty, discomfort and embarrassment, and physical, mental and emotional personal injuries.

41. Lyft's actions and omissions constitute discrimination against Plaintiff.

42. Plaintiff has been damaged by Lyft's wrongful conduct.

43. Lyft has continued its illegal and discriminatory practices despite actual knowledge that persons with disabilities may attempt to patronize the Lyft App and encounter illegal policy barriers which deny them full and equal access when they do so.

44. At all times herein mentioned, Lyft knew, or in the exercise of reasonable diligence should have known, that its practices at the Lyft App violated disabled access requirements and standards, and would have a discriminatory effect upon Plaintiff and upon other disabled persons, but Lyft has failed to rectify the violations, and presently continue a course of conduct of maintaining policy barriers that discriminate against Plaintiff and similarly situated disabled persons. For the foregoing reasons, Plaintiff alleges that an award of statutory treble damages are appropriate.



# Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

## Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time alerts** and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

## Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

## Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

## API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

## LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

## FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

## E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.