

1 Richard Morin (SBN 285275)
2 Law Office of Rick Morin, PC
3 500 Newport Center Drive Suite 610
4 Newport Beach, CA 92660
5 Phone: (949) 996-3094
6 Email: legal@rickmorin.net

7 Attorney for Plaintiff

8 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**
9 **NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

10 LaTasha Turner,

11 Plaintiff,

12 v.

13 Lyft, Inc.,

14 Defendant.

Case No.

COMPLAINT

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

15
16 Plaintiff LaTasha Turner (“Plaintiff”), alleges:

17 **INTRODUCTION**

18 1. Plaintiff brings this action against Lyft, Inc. (“Lyft”) for unlawfully and intentionally
19 discriminating against Plaintiff because of Plaintiff’s disability and denying Plaintiff equal access to
20 its services.

21 **PARTIES**

22 2. Plaintiff is a natural person. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Plaintiff is and has
23 been considered disabled.

24 3. Lyft is a Delaware Corporation with its principal place of business in San Francisco,
25 California. At all times relevant, Lyft has done and did business in California.

26 4. Lyft owns and operates the ride-sharing or ride-hailing mobile application and service
27 also known simply as Lyft or the Lyft App.

28 //



JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1
2 5. The Court has subject matter jurisdiction over the action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331
3 and 1343(a)(3) & (a)(4).

4 6. Pursuant to supplemental jurisdiction, 28 U.S.C. § 1367, an attendant and related cause
5 of action, arising from the same nucleus of operative facts and arising out of the same transactions, is
6 also brought under California state law.

7 7. Venue is proper in this court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and is founded on the fact
8 that Lyft’s principal office is within this judicial district.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

9
10 8. Plaintiff suffers from a disability, and/or medical conditions that is a disability.

11 9. Plaintiff suffers from, among other things, a traumatic brain injury and bulging disks
12 from her neck to her lower back related to a tragic 2020 auto accident.

13 10. Plaintiff’s symptoms limit, some substantially, Plaintiff’s major life activities.

14 11. Plaintiff has mobility issues that prevent her from safely bending over to pick up objects
15 that she drops on the floor.

16 12. Plaintiff utilizes a service dog to help address the challenges resulting from Plaintiff’s
17 disability, which Plaintiff deals with on a daily basis.

18 13. Plaintiff’s service dog is trained in specific tasks to assist Plaintiff with the symptoms
19 of Plaintiff’s disability, including, but not limited to, picking up objects that Plaintiff drops on the floor
20 or ground.

21 14. Plaintiff was denied Lyft rides on the following occasions only after informing her Lyft
22 driver via in-app message that she was accompanied by a service animal:

- 23 a. July 22 with driver “Dusan”
- 24 b. July 22 with driver “Jose”
- 25 c. July 22 with driver “Leslie”
- 26 d. July 25 with driver “Beverly”
- 27 e. July 30 with driver “Huron”

28 15. On each of these occasions, Plaintiff summoned a ride using Lyft’s mobile application.

1 such goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations to individuals with
2 disabilities.

3 27. Lyft's policy results in active discrimination against disabled patrons utilizing service
4 animals.

5 28. Lyft's conduct knowingly and willfully denies and excludes Plaintiff from equal access
6 to their public accommodation.

7 29. As a result of Lyft's conduct, Lyft actively and blatantly denies Plaintiff equal access to
8 to Lyft's platform and the rides that Lyft offers to provide to Plaintiff. Plaintiff faces continuing
9 discrimination. Plaintiff continues to suffer denial of access and faces the prospect of unpleasant and
10 discriminatory treatment should Plaintiff attempt to rebook rides with Lyft.

11 30. It is readily achievable for Lyft to provide Plaintiff and other disabled people like
12 Plaintiff full and equal access to the Lyft App services.

13 31. Lyft does not have any legitimate business justification to excuse their denial of
14 Plaintiff's equal access.

15 32. Plaintiff seeks relief pursuant to remedies set forth in section 204(a) of the Civil Rights
16 Act of 1964 (42 USC 2000(a)-3(a)), and/or pursuant to Federal Regulations adopted to implement the
17 Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

18 33. Plaintiff is a qualified disabled person for purposes of the ADA who is being subjected
19 to discrimination on the basis of disability in violation of Title III and who has reasonable grounds for
20 believing Plaintiff will be subjected to such discrimination each time that Plaintiff may attempt to use
21 the Lyft App, in light of Lyft's conduct.

22 34. Lyft's acts have proximately caused and will continue to cause irreparable injury to
23 Plaintiff if not enjoined by this Court.

24 35. Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief as to Lyft's inaccessible policies. Plaintiff seeks
25 preliminary and permanent injunctive relief to enjoin and eliminate the discriminatory practices that
26 deny full and equal access for disabled persons. Further, Plaintiff seeks an award of reasonable statutory
27 attorney fees, litigation expenses, and costs.

28 //

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Denial of Full and Equal Access to Public Facilities in a Public Accommodation

Civ. Code §§ 54 *et seq.*

36. Plaintiff incorporates all prior paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

37. The Lyft App is an accommodation, public accommodation, or other place to which the general public is invited.

38. Lyft denied and interfered with Plaintiff's ability to access the Lyft App and the services provided through it.

39. Plaintiff wishes to use the Lyft App but is substantially deterred from it because the lack of access and the significant policy barriers will foreseeably cause Plaintiff further difficulty, discomfort, and embarrassment. Plaintiff is unable, so long as such acts and omissions of Lyft continues, to achieve equal access to and use of the Lyft App.

40. As a result of the denial of full and equal access to the described facilities and due to the acts and omissions of Lyft in owning and operating the Lyft App, Plaintiff has suffered a violation of civil rights, including but not limited to rights under Civil Code sections 54 and 54.1, and has suffered difficulty, discomfort and embarrassment, and physical, mental and emotional personal injuries.

41. Lyft's actions and omissions constitute discrimination against Plaintiff.

42. Plaintiff has been damaged by Lyft's wrongful conduct.

43. Lyft has continued its illegal and discriminatory practices despite actual knowledge that persons with disabilities may attempt to patronize the Lyft App and encounter illegal policy barriers which deny them full and equal access when they do so.

44. At all times herein mentioned, Lyft knew, or in the exercise of reasonable diligence should have known, that its practices at the Lyft App violated disabled access requirements and standards, and would have a discriminatory effect upon Plaintiff and upon other disabled persons, but Lyft has failed to rectify the violations, and presently continue a course of conduct of maintaining policy barriers that discriminate against Plaintiff and similarly situated disabled persons. For the foregoing reasons, Plaintiff alleges that an award of statutory treble damages are appropriate.

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