Exhibit A

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SAN JOSE DIVISION

IN RE: MACBOOK KEYBOARD LITIGATION

Case No. <u>5:18-cv-02813-EJD</u>

ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO ERT OPINIONS OF HAL J. GER: GRANTING MOTION TO STRIKE EXPERT OPINIONS OF DAVID V. NIEBUHR

Re: Dkt. No. 229, 238, 239

Plaintiffs Kyle Barbaro, Joseph Baruch, Steve Eakin, Lorenzo Ferguson, Benjamin Gulker, Michael Hopkins, Adam Lee, Kevin Melkowski, and Zixuan Rao ("Plaintiffs") bring this proposed class action against Defendant Apple, Inc. ("Apple" or "Defendant") on behalf of purchasers of MacBook laptops equipped with allegedly defective "butterfly" keyboards. There are several motions currently before the Court: (1) Plaintiffs' Motion for Class Certification (Dkt. No. 233-21, "Class Certification Motion"); (2) Apple's Motion to Strike the Expert Opinions of Hal J. Singer, Ph.D. (Dkt. No. 237-46, "Singer Motion to Strike"); (3) Apple's Motion to Strike the Expert Opinions of David V. Niebuhr, Ph.D. (Dkt. No. 237-49, "Niebuhr Motion to Strike"); (4) Apple's Objections to New Evidence Submitted With Plaintiffs' Reply in Support of Class Certification (Dkt. No. 261, "Objections"); and (5) Apple's Administrative Motion for Leave to File a Surreply and Expert Report in Support of Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Class



All docket numbers cited in this order refer to the unredacted document filed under seal.

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Certification (Dkt. No. 279-4, "Motion for Surreply").

On February 4, 2021, the Court held a hearing on the pending motions. At that hearing, the Court indicated that the Objections would be overruled for the purpose of the Court's consideration at the class certification stage, without prejudice to renewal. Likewise, the Court indicated that Motion for Surreply would be denied given the robust discussion at the hearing.

Having considered the parties' submissions and oral arguments on the remaining motions, the Court hereby **GRANTS** Plaintiffs' Class Certification Motion, **GRANTS** in part and **DENIES** in part the Singer Motion to Strike, and **GRANTS** the Niebuhr Motion to Strike.

I. **Background**

Plaintiffs are eleven consumers from California, Massachusetts, New York, Illinois, Florida, Washington, New Jersey, and Michigan. Second Amended Consolidated Class Action Complaint, Dkt. No. 219 ("SAC") ¶¶ 8-18. Plaintiffs bring this proposed class action against Apple on behalf of purchasers of MacBook laptops equipped with allegedly defective keyboards, known as "butterfly" keyboards. Specifically, Plaintiffs request that this Court certify a proposed class consisting of "all persons who purchased, other than for resale, within California, New York, Florida, Illinois, New Jersey, Washington, or Michigan, an Apple MacBook from any of the model years 2015-2017, an Apple MacBook Pro from any of the model years 2016-2019 (excluding the 16 [inch] MacBook Pro released in November 2019), or an Apple MacBook Air from any of the model years 2018-2019" (the "Class"). Plaintiffs also seek to certify subclasses of purchasers in the seven states listed in the Class definition, to appoint Plaintiffs as Class and subclass representatives, and to appoint the law firms of Girard Sharp LLP and Chimicles Schwartz Kriner & Donaldson-Smith LLP as class counsel.

A. The Butterfly Keyboard

In the spring of 2015, as part of its release of an all-new MacBook, Apple released the first ever Apple-designed keyboard, the butterfly keyboard. Declaration of Claudia M. Vetesi In Support of Apple Inc.'s Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Class Certification (Dkt. No. 236, Case No.: <u>5:18-cv-</u>02813-EJD

ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO CERTIFY CLASS; GRANTING IN PART AND DENYING



"Vetesi Decl.") Ex. A (Rule 30(b)(6) Deposition of Laura Metz ("Metz Dep.")) at 125:6-16. The
butterfly keyboard is nicknamed for the stainless steel switch under the keycap, which bears a
resemblance to butterfly wings. The butterfly switch acts as a mechanical lever, which exerts
pressure on the other key components to activate the key.
Vetesi Decl. Ex. B (Rule 30(b)(6) Deposition
of Shelly Goldberg ("Goldberg Dep.")) at 131:1-4.
Before the butterfly design, Apple had always used the industry-standard "scissor"
mechanism. Goldberg Dep. at 36:10-14. The scissor mechanism registered keystrokes through a
rubber dome and two pieces in the switch housing that interlock in a "scissor" or "X" shape. See

Vetesi Decl., Ex. C. They key difference between the scissor design and the butterfly design is the

Goldberg Dep. at 38:11-14.

travel distance of the key stroke, i.e. how far the user must press the key before the electrical

circuit is completed and the computer registers the user's keystroke. Goldberg Dep. at 37:1-3.

The butterfly keyboard utilizes a low-travel design,

The low-travel design allowed the butterfly keyboard to be 40% thinner than the prior scissor mechanism keyboards, which in turn allowed Apple to produce its thinnest and lightest MacBook ever. Metz Dep. at 125:6-8. Following its release in 2015, the butterfly keyboard was incorporated into 16 new MacBook models, including the MacBook released in 2016 and 2017, as well as the MacBook Pro models released between 2016 and 2019, and the MacBook Air models released in 2018 and 2019 (together, the "Class Laptops"). *Id.*, Ex. H at Suppl. Resp. to Interrog. Nos. 7-8, Ex. D.

Case No.: <u>5:18-cv-</u>02813-EJD



Northern District of California

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B. The Alleged Defect

Plaintiffs allege that the butterfly keyboard is defective. Specifically, Plaintiffs allege that the low-travel design of the butterfly mechanism makes the keys prone to fail when minute amounts of dust or debris enter the sensitive area beneath the switch.

Class Certification Motion at 3 (citing Goldberg Dep. at 105:16-106:3). Although it is common for debris to accumulate in a keyboard of any type, Plaintiffs allege that

Id. at 3-4. According to Plaintiffs, it is this phenomenon that caused the various issues Plaintiffs experienced with their laptops.

There are three main issues that Plaintiffs and other consumers experienced with the butterfly keyboard: (1) keys failing to register ("no make"), (2) keys registering multiple times with a single press ("double make"), and (3) keys exhibiting a sticky behavior when pressed ("sticky keys").

C. Design Iterations

Within a short time after the release of the butterfly keyboard, Apple noticed that customers were returning the butterfly-equipped MacBook at a higher rate than predecessor products. Dkt. No. 224-5, Class Certification Motion at Ex. C (Deposition of Jeffery LaBerge) at 70:6-22. Apple began working on modifications to the design to address reported issues with debris affecting keyboard performance. For example,

Goldberg Dep. at 103:1-20.

Case No.: <u>5:18-cv-</u>02813-EJD



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