

Roberto Anguizola (IL Bar No. 6270874)
 Frances Kern (MN Bar No. 395233)
 Rebecca Plett (VA Bar No. 90988)
 James Evans (VA Bar No. 83866)
 Federal Trade Commission
 600 Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Mailstop CC-5201
 Washington, DC 20580
 (202) 326-3284 / ranguizola@ftc.gov
 (202) 326-2391 / fkern@ftc.gov
 (202) 326-3664 / rplett@ftc.gov
 (202) 326-2026 / james.evans@ftc.gov

Attorneys for Plaintiff
 Federal Trade Commission

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
 SAN JOSE DIVISION**

Federal Trade Commission,

Plaintiff,

v.

Intuit Inc.,

Defendant.

No. 5:22-cv-1973

**Complaint for a Temporary Restraining
 Order and Preliminary Injunctive Relief
 Pursuant to Section 13(b) of the Federal
 Trade Commission Act, 15 U.S.C. § 53(b)**

Plaintiff, the Federal Trade Commission (“FTC”), petitions this Court to enter a temporary restraining order and grant a preliminary injunction enjoining Intuit Inc. (“Defendant” or “Intuit”) from engaging in deceptive acts or practices in connection with the advertising, marketing, promotion, distribution, and sale of online tax preparation products and services, including TurboTax. The FTC seeks this provisional relief pursuant to Sections 5(a) and 13(b) of the Federal Trade Commission Act (“FTC Act”), 15 U.S.C. §§ 45(a) & 53(b). Absent such provisional relief, Defendant would be free to continue disseminating the deceptive claim that consumers can file their taxes for free using TurboTax when in truth, in numerous instances Defendant does not permit consumers to file their taxes for free using TurboTax.

The Commission requires the aid of this Court to prevent interim harm to consumers during the pendency of an administrative trial on the merits. The Commission has already initiated an administrative proceeding, pursuant to Section 5 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45, by

filing an administrative complaint on March 28, 2022. The administrative hearing will determine whether Defendant's representations violate Section 5 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45, and will provide all parties a full opportunity to conduct discovery and present testimony and other evidence regarding Plaintiff's allegations.

SUMMARY OF THE CASE

1. Defendant Intuit advertises, markets, promotes, distributes, and sells TurboTax, a commonly-used online tax preparation service that enables users to prepare and file their income tax returns. (As used in this Complaint, "TurboTax" only refers to online products and services.)

2. Much of Intuit's advertising for TurboTax conveys the message that consumers can file their taxes for free using TurboTax, even going so far as to air commercials in which almost every word spoken is the word "free." For example, an ad called "Auctioneer," which depicts a cattle auction with a fast-talking auctioneer and a crowd of grizzled cowboys:



AUCTIONEER: And free, and free, and free, and free, and free. Now a bidder and free! Now give me another bidder and free, and a free here and a free free free a free free free. Now a bidder and free! Now give me another bidder and free, and a free free free. And free, and free, and free, and free free free and free. Here we go at free, free, free and free. Free! Now give me another bidder and free. Hit free and here, free, free, free, freeeeeeeeeeee. Free!

1 VOICEOVER: That's right, TurboTax Free Edition is free. See
2 details at TurboTax.com.

3 3. In truth, TurboTax is only free for some users, based on the tax forms they need.
4 For many others, Intuit tells them, after they have invested time and effort gathering and
5 inputting into TurboTax their sensitive personal and financial information to prepare their tax
6 returns, that they cannot continue for free; they will need to upgrade to a paid TurboTax service
7 to complete and file their taxes.

8 4. Until 2021, Intuit offered a free online version of TurboTax through the IRS Free
9 File Program, a public-private partnership with the IRS, that was available to low-income
10 consumers regardless of which tax forms they need.

11 5. As detailed herein, Intuit has engaged in, and is engaging in, deceptive business
12 practices in the advertising, marketing, distribution, and sale of TurboTax.

13 JURISDICTION AND VENUE

14 6. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1337(a),
15 and 1345.

16 7. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(1), (b)(2), (c)(2), and
17 (d), and 15 U.S.C. § 53(b).

18 8. *Divisional assignment*: Divisional assignment is proper in the San Jose Division
19 because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred in Santa
20 Clara County. L.R. 3-2(c), (e).

21 9. Section 13(b) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 53(b), provides in pertinent part:

22 Whenever the Commission has reason to believe—

23 (1) that any person, partnership, or corporation is violating, or is
24 about to violate, any provision of law enforced by the Federal
25 Trade Commission, and

26 (2) that the enjoining thereof pending the issuance of a complaint
27 by the Commission and until such complaint is dismissed by the
28 Commission or set aside by the court on review, or until the order

1 of the Commission made thereon has become final, would be in the
2 interest of the public—

3 the Commission by any of its attorneys designated by it for such
4 purpose may bring suit in a district court of the United States to
5 enjoin any such act or practice. Upon a proper showing that,
6 weighing the equities and considering the Commission's likelihood
7 of ultimate success, such action would be in the public interest, and
8 after notice to the defendant, a temporary restraining order or a
9 preliminary injunction may be granted without bond

10 10. Section 13(b) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 53(b), authorize nationwide service of
11 process, and personal jurisdiction exists where service is effected pursuant to federal statute. Fed.
12 R. Civ. P. 4(k)(1)(C). Additionally, Defendant conducts business in this District. Defendant is
13 subject to personal jurisdiction in this District, and venue is proper in this District under 28
14 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(1), (b)(2), (c)(2), and (d), and 15 U.S.C. § 53(b).

15 **PLAINTIFF**

16 11. The FTC is an independent agency of the United States Government created by
17 the FTC Act, which authorizes the FTC to commence this district court civil action by its own
18 attorneys. 15 U.S.C. §§ 41-58. The FTC enforces Section 5(a) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45(a),
19 which prohibits unfair or deceptive acts or practices in or affecting commerce.

20 12. The FTC is authorized to initiate federal district court proceedings to seek
21 preliminary injunctive relief pending the Commission's adjudication of the challenged conduct in
22 an administrative proceeding. 15 U.S.C. § 53(b).

23 **DEFENDANT**

24 13. Defendant Intuit Inc. is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of
25 business in Mountain View, California.

26 14. Intuit transacts or has transacted business in this District and throughout the
27 United States. At all times relevant to this Complaint, acting alone or in concert with others,
28 Intuit has advertised, marketed, promoted, distributed, or sold TurboTax, an online tax
preparation service that enables users to prepare and file their income tax returns, to consumers
throughout the United States.

COMMERCE

15. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Intuit has maintained a substantial course of trade in or affecting commerce, as “commerce” is defined in Section 4 of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. § 44.

DEFENDANT’S BUSINESS ACTIVITIES**I. TurboTax’s “Freemium” Version: TurboTax Free Edition**

16. [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
17. [REDACTED] involves, in part, growing Intuit’s customer base by offering free services to consumers [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

18. [REDACTED] also involves persuading consumers to upgrade from free to paid versions of TurboTax.

19. [REDACTED] further involves “brand loyalty,” or retention of consumers who previously filed their taxes for free in the “freemium” version of TurboTax returning to TurboTax in subsequent years when they are no longer eligible for the “freemium” version, and paying Intuit for a paid version of TurboTax.

20. Since at least 2017, Intuit has called the “freemium” version of TurboTax the “TurboTax Free Edition.” In 2016, Intuit called the “freemium” version of TurboTax the “Federal Free Edition.”

21. The “freemium” version of TurboTax is available only to consumers with “simple” tax returns, as defined by Intuit; other consumers are required to upgrade to paid versions of TurboTax.

22. In 2017 and 2018, when consumers filed tax returns for Tax Year (“TY”) 2016 and 2017 (e.g. taxes filed in 2017 for income earned in 2016), Intuit defined a “simple” tax return as a return that could be filed using a 1040A or 1040EZ tax form.

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