## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

GENENTECH, INC. and CITY OF HOPE,

Plaintiffs and Counterclaim Defendants,

Case No. 1:18-cv-00924-CFC

v.

AMGEN INC.,

Defendant and Counterclaim Plaintiff.

## NOTICE OF SUBPOENA

## TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to Rules 30 and 45 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Amgen will cause the attached subpoena to be served on University of Florida.

Dated: April 16, 2019 SMITH, KATZENSTEIN & JENKINS, LLP

/s/ Eve H. Ormerod
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Attorneys for Defendant Amgen Inc.



AO 88A (Rev. 12/13) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action

## United States District Court

for the

	District of	of Delawar	re		
GENENTECH, INC. and CITY OF HOPE,  Plaintiff  v.  AMGEN INC.,  Defendant		) ) ) ) )	ivil Action No.	Case No. 1:18-cv	v-00924-CFC
SUI	BPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A	A DEPOSI	TION IN A CIV	IL ACTION	
To: University of FI	orida, Attn: Amy M. Hass, 123 <sup>-</sup>	Tigert Hall,	, P.O. Box 11312	25, Gainesville, FL	32611-3125
	(Name of person to	o whom this s	ubpoena is directed	)	
deposition to be taken in the	ARE COMMANDED to appear his civil action. If you are an orangement other persons who consoment:	rganization	n, you must desig	nate one or more	officers, directors,
Place: Accurate Reportin			Date and Time:		
814 E Silver Sprir Ocala, FL 34470	ngs Blvd # A,		(	)4/29/2019 9:00 ar	n
	ll be recorded by this method:	Stenogra	pher		
	or your representatives, must a ed information, or objects, and TACHMENT A				
Rule 45(d), relating to you	visions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are reprotection as a person subject and the potential consequences of	t to a subpo	oena; and Rule 4	•	
Date: 04/16/2019	CLERK OF COURT		OR OR	hetour	
-	Signature of Clerk or Deputy	Clerk		Attorney's signe	ature
The name, address, e-mail	address, and telephone number	r of the atto		g (name of party)	Amgen Inc.
Orion Armon, oarmon@coo 720-566-4000	ley.com, Cooley LLP, 380 Inter	rlocken Cre	escent, Suite 900	, Broomfield, CO 8	30021,
	<b>35.7</b> (* 4.3)				

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, a notice



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Civil Action No. Case No. 1:18-cv-00924-CFC

## PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

(date)	·	ny)		
☐ I served the su	abpoena by delivering a copy to the nam	ned individual as follows:		
		on (date)	; or	
☐ I returned the	subpoena unexecuted because:			
tendered to the w	ena was issued on behalf of the United vitness the fees for one day's attendance		•	
\$	<u> </u>			
y fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for	a total of \$	0.00
I declare under p	enalty of perjury that this information is	s true.		
te:			·e	
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Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

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## Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)

## (c) Place of Compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
  - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial

#### (2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
  - (B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

#### (d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

#### (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- **(B)** Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

## (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
  - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
  - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
  - (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

## (e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- (B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

## (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
  - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is

#### (g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.

For access to subpoena materials, see Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a) Committee Note (2013).



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## ATTACHMENT A

Document 139

Pursuant to Rule 45 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Defendant Amgen Inc. hereby requests that University of Florida produce and permit inspection and copying of the following documents and things at the place, date and time specified in the accompanying subpoena.

## **INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. You should redact patient personal identifiers from documents, communications, and things before producing them.
- 2. You may designate documents, communications, things, or testimony under the Protective Order entered by the Court in this Litigation. See enclosure in Attachment C.

## **DOCUMENTS AND THINGS TO BE PRODUCED**

- 1. Redacted patient records regarding Herceptin® therapy administered to Jane Doe(s) prior to May 19, 2000, who were treated by Shahla Masood, MD (Associate Chair in Department of Pathology at University of Florida College of Medicine, Jacksonville, and Chief of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine at University Medical Center) after a diagnosis based on an immunohistochemistry ("IHC") assay score of 0 or 1+ for HER-2/neu oncoprotein expression and a fluorescence in situ hybridization ("FISH") assay score of positive, or gene amplified, for HER-2/neu gene amplification, including:
  - Test results from IHC assays for HER-2/neu oncoprotein expression performed on tissue from biopsy of patient and preliminary diagnoses relating to breast cancer;
  - Test results from FISH assays for HER-2/neu gene amplification performed on tissue from biopsy of the patient and preliminary diagnoses relating to breast cancer; and
  - c. Patient diagnosis and Herceptin® therapy for breast cancer subsequent to reports of IHC and FISH assays.



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