

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

DIGIMEDIA TECH, LLC,

Plaintiff,

v.

LENOVO (UNITED STATES) INC., and
MOTOROLA MOBILITY LLC,

Defendants.

CIVIL ACTION

NO. _____

Jury Trial Demanded

COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT

Plaintiff DigiMedia Tech, LLC (“Plaintiff”) files this Complaint for Patent Infringement against Defendant, and states as follows:

THE PARTIES

1. Plaintiff is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of Georgia, having its principal office at 44 Milton Ave., Suite 254, Alpharetta, GA 30009.

2. Defendant LENOVO (UNITED STATES), INC. (“Lenovo”) is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware. Lenovo may be served with process through its registered agent, Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange St., Wilmington, DE 19801. Upon information and belief, Lenovo sells, offers to sell, and/or uses products and services throughout the United States, including in this judicial district, and introduces infringing products and services into the stream of commerce knowing that they would be sold and/or used in this judicial district and elsewhere in the United States.

3. Defendant MOTOROLA MOBILITY LLC (“Motorola”) is a limited liability company organized under the laws of the State of Delaware. Motorola may be served with

process through its registered agent, Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange St., Wilmington, DE 19801. Upon information and belief, Motorola sells, offers to sell, and/or uses products and services throughout the United States, including in this judicial district, and introduces infringing products and services into the stream of commerce knowing that they would be sold and/or used in this judicial district and elsewhere in the United States.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

4. This Court has exclusive subject matter jurisdiction over this case pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a) on the grounds that this action arises under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 1 et seq., including, without limitation, 35 U.S.C. §§ 271, 281, 284, and 285.

5. This Court has general and specific personal jurisdiction over Defendants, consistent with due process, because Defendants are entities formed and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware. Further, Defendants have minimum contacts with the State of Delaware, and Defendants have purposefully availed themselves of the privileges of conducting business in the State of Delaware, including through the sale and offer for sale of the Accused Products throughout the State of Delaware and this judicial district.

6. Venue is proper in this Court as to Defendants pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1400(b) on the grounds that Defendants reside in this judicial district.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

The '532 Patent

7. Plaintiff is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in and to United States Patent No. 6,473,532, entitled “Method and Apparatus for Visual Lossless Image Syntactic Encoding” (“the ’532 patent”), including the right to sue for all past, present, and future infringement, which assignment was duly recorded in the USPTO.

8. A true and correct copy of the '532 patent is attached hereto as Exhibit A. The '532 patent is incorporated herein by reference.

9. The application that became the '532 patent was filed on March 14, 2000.

10. The '532 patent issued on October 29, 2002, after a full and fair examination by the USPTO.

11. The '532 patent is valid and enforceable and directed to eligible subject matter.

12. The elements recited in the asserted claims of the '532 patent were not well-understood, routine, or conventional when the application that became the '532 patent was filed.

13. The claims of the '532 patent are directed to technical solutions to the technical problem of providing a visually lossless video compression method and apparatus. One of the reasons this is important is for storing video in a compressed format, where the compression does not reduce the quality of the video in a visually detectable manner. Since camera users prefer the competing features of both high quality video and small or practical video file sizes, the problem calls for technical solutions. The '532 patent discloses and claims such technical solutions. For example, the '532 patent recognized that video encoding can compress the source video input in a manner that is visually lossless. The '532 patent discloses a number of techniques which include defining visual perception thresholds and classifying picture elements into subclasses using the visual perception thresholds. The picture elements can be transformed according to the subclass. Consequently, the technology in the '532 patent enables both visually lossless encoding and efficient compression of recorded video.

The '250 Patent

14. Plaintiff is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in and to United States Patent No. 6,741,250 entitled "Method and System for Generation of Multiple Viewpoints

into a Scene Viewed by Motionless Cameras and for Presentation of a View Path” (“the ’250 patent”), including the right to sue for all past, present, and future infringement, which assignment was duly recorded in the USPTO.

15. A true and correct copy of the ’250 patent is attached hereto as Exhibit B. The ’250 patent is incorporated herein by reference.

16. The application that became the ’250 patent was filed on October 17, 2001.

17. The ’250 patent issued on May 25, 2004, after a full and fair examination by the USPTO.

18. The ’250 patent is valid and enforceable and directed to eligible subject matter.

19. The elements recited in the asserted claims of the ’250 patent were not well-understood, routine, or conventional when the application that became the ’250 patent was filed.

20. The claims of the ’250 patent are directed to technical solutions to the technical problem of using a single camera to provide a view path through one or more video segments to determine which video frames in the video segments are used to generate a view. One of the reasons this is important is that users of a camera with a wide field of view may prefer to select and view only portions of the supported wide field of view. The camera’s field of view may be sufficiently wide to create distorted images on a rectangular screen. Users may prefer portions with reduced distortion, which calls for technical solutions. The ’250 patent discloses and claims such technical solutions. The camera can record a video stream over the wide field of view. The user can designate a portion of the video stream to be a video segment and subsequently designate a view path through the video segment. Consequently, the technology in the ’250 patent enables the view of portions of the camera’s wide field of view with reduced distortion.

The '818 Patent

21. Plaintiff is the owner by assignment of all right, title, and interest in and to United States Patent No. 6,744,818 entitled “Method and Apparatus for Visual Perception Encoding” (“the '818 patent”), including the right to sue for all past, present, and future infringement, which assignment was duly recorded in the USPTO.

22. A true and correct copy of the '818 patent is attached hereto as Exhibit C. The '818 patent is incorporated herein by reference.

23. The application that became the '818 patent was filed on December 27, 2000.

24. The '818 patent issued on June 1, 2004, after a full and fair examination by the USPTO.

25. The '818 patent is valid and enforceable and directed to eligible subject matter.

26. The elements recited in the asserted claims of the '818 patent were not well-understood, routine, or conventional when the application that became the '818 patent was filed.

27. The claims of the '818 patent are directed to technical solutions to the technical problem of reducing perceptual redundancy independent of other video compression techniques. One of the reasons this is important is for storing video in a compressed format, where the compression should also support subsequent viewing of the video at high quality. Since camera users prefer the competing features of both high quality video and small or practical video file sizes, the problem calls for technical solutions. The '818 patent discloses and claims such technical solutions. For example, the '818 patent recognized that video encoding can compress the source video input with a visual perception estimator and a perception threshold. The '818 patent discloses a number of techniques which include (i) a compression dependent threshold estimator using the perception threshold and (ii) a filter for pixels using the compression

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