

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY

CHRISTOPHER MICHALEK, :
 : Civil Action No. 09-1906 (JBS)
Plaintiff, :
 :
v. : **MEMORANDUM OPINION**
 :
CAMDEN COUNTY DEPARTMENT :
OF CORRECTIONS, :
 :
Defendant. :

APPEARANCES:

Plaintiff pro se
Christopher Michalek
C.C.C.F.
P.O. Box 90431
Camden, NJ 08101

SIMANDLE, District Judge

Plaintiff Christopher Michalek, a prisoner confined at Camden County Correctional Facility in Camden, New Jersey, seeks to bring this civil action, asserting claims pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. The "Complaint" consists of a single-page letter, with no identified defendant, and some attachments consisting of Camden County Department of Corrections "General Incident Reports." Plaintiff neither prepaid the \$350 filing fee nor submitted an application for leave to proceed in forma pauperis.

Civil actions brought in forma pauperis are governed by 28 U.S.C. § 1915. The Prison Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Pub. L. No. 104-135, 110 Stat. 1321 (April 26, 1996) (the "PLRA"), which amends 28 U.S.C. § 1915, establishes certain financial

requirements for prisoners who are attempting to bring a civil action or file an appeal in forma pauperis.

Under the PLRA, a prisoner seeking to bring a civil action in forma pauperis must submit an affidavit, including a statement of all assets, which states that the prisoner is unable to pay the fee. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(1). The prisoner also must submit a certified copy of his inmate trust fund account statement(s) for the six-month period immediately preceding the filing of his complaint. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(2). The prisoner must obtain this certified statement from the appropriate official of each prison at which he was or is confined. Id.

Even if the prisoner is granted in forma pauperis status, the prisoner must pay the full amount of the \$350 filing fee in installments. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(1). In each month that the amount in the prisoner's account exceeds \$10.00, until the \$350.00 filing fee is paid, the agency having custody of the prisoner shall assess, deduct from the prisoner's account, and forward to the Clerk of the Court an installment payment equal to 20 % of the preceding month's income credited to the prisoner's account. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(2).

Plaintiff may not have known when he submitted his complaint that he must pay the filing fee, and that even if the full filing fee, or any part of it, has been paid, the Court must dismiss the case if it finds that the action: (1) is frivolous or malicious;

(2) fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted; or
(3) seeks monetary relief against a defendant who is immune from such relief. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B). If the Court dismisses the case for any of these reasons, the PLRA does not suspend installment payments of the filing fee or permit the prisoner to get back the filing fee, or any part of it, that has already been paid.

If the prisoner has, on three or more prior occasions while incarcerated, brought in federal court an action or appeal that was dismissed on the grounds that it was frivolous or malicious, or that it failed to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, he cannot bring another action in forma pauperis unless he is in imminent danger of serious physical injury. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g).

In this action, Plaintiff failed either to prepay the filing fee or to submit a complete in forma pauperis application as required by 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(1), (2), including a certified account statement. See, e.g., Tyson v. Youth Ventures, L.L.C., 42 Fed.Appx. 221 (10th Cir. 2002) (detailing certification requirement); Johnson v. United States, 79 Fed.Cl. 769 (2007) (same).

The allegations of the Complaint do not suggest that Plaintiff is in imminent danger of serious physical injury.

CONCLUSION

For the reasons set forth above, the Clerk of the Court will be ordered to administratively terminate this action, without filing the complaint or assessing a filing fee. Plaintiff will be granted leave to move to re-open within 30 days. Any such motion to re-open must be accompanied by a proposed amended complaint, in compliance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, setting forth a short and plain statement of the claim and clearly identifying the defendants. In addition, any motion to re-open must be accompanied by either the \$350 filing fee or an application for leave to proceed in forma pauperis.

An appropriate Order will be entered.

s/ Jerome B. Simandle
Jerome B. Simandle
United States District Judge

Dated: **April 30, 2009**