UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

JESUS BRITO, on behalf of himself and all other persons similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

COMPLAINT

-against-

QUEST DIAGNOSTICS INCORPORATED and QUEST DIAGNOSTICS CLINICAL LABORATORIES, INC.,

Defendants.

Class Action Lawsuit Jury Trial Demanded

Plaintiff, Jesus Brito ("Plaintiff"), on behalf of himself and all other persons similarly situated, by and through his attorneys, the Law Office of Peter A. Romero PLLC, complaining of the Defendants, Quest Diagnostics Incorporated and Quest Diagnostics Clinical Laboratories, Inc. ("Defendants" or "Quest"), alleges as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself and similarly situated current and former employees of Quest who worked as drivers, couriers and route service representatives in the State of New York pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure to recover statutory damages pursuant to New York Labor Law § 198(1-a) for violations of New York Labor Law § 191 and § 195(1). Plaintiff seeks injunctive and declaratory relief, liquidated damages, attorneys' fees and costs and other appropriate relief pursuant to New York Labor Law § 198.

2. Upon information and belief, Quest is the world's leading provider of diagnostic information services and provides clinical laboratory testing performed on whole blood, serum, plasma and other body fluids, such as urine, and specimens such as microbiology samples.

Upon information and belief, during 2020, Quest generated net revenues of \$9.4
billion.

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4. Upon information and belief, as of January 2021, Quest had approximately 40,000 fulltime employees.

5. At all relevant times, Quest compensated Plaintiff and all other hourly-paid employees who worked as drivers, couriers and route service representatives in the State of New York on a bi-weekly basis in violation of New York Labor Law, Article 6, §§ 191.

6. Defendants failed to properly pay Plaintiff and other former and current employees who have worked in hourly-paid positions such as drivers, couriers and route service representatives in the State of New York their wages within seven calendar days after the end of the week in which these wages were earned. Thus, Defendants failed to provide timely wages to Plaintiff and all other persons similarly situated.

7. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself and all other persons similarly situated pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23 ("Rule 23") to remedy violations of the New York Labor Law, Article 6, §§ 191, 195.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

8. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to the Class Action Fairness Act ("CAFA"), 28 U.S.C. §1332(d). This is a putative class action in which there are 100 or more members in the proposed class, any member of the proposed class is a citizen of a state and any defendant is a citizen of a different state, and the amount in controversy exceeds the sum of \$5,000,000.00 in the aggregate.

9. Venue is proper in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391(b)(2) because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred in this district and Plaintiff suffered the losses at issue in this District.

PARTIES

10. Plaintiff is a resident of the State of New York.

11. At all times relevant, Plaintiff was an "employee" within the meaning of New York Labor Law § 190(2) and a "manual worker" within the meaning of New York Labor Law § 190(4).

12. Defendant, Quest Diagnostics Incorporated, is a Delaware corporation with corporate headquarters in New Jersey.

13. Defendant, Quest Diagnostics Clinical Laboratories, Inc., is a Delaware corporation with corporate headquarters in New Jersey.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

14. Plaintiff was employed by Quest as an hourly-paid driver, courier and/or route service representative in the State of New York from in or about May 2021 to December 16, 2021.

15. Plaintiff's primary job duties involved operating Quest-owned vehicles and transporting clinical specimens, the performance of which required prolonged driving, the ability to lift up to 40 pounds, bending, pulling and reaching. Plaintiff spent more than twenty-five percent of his hours worked each week performing manual tasks.

16. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and similarly situated persons who have worked in hourly-paid positions as drivers, couriers and route service representatives in the State of New York "on a weekly basis and not later than seven calendar days after the end of the week in which the wages are earned" as required by New York Labor Law § 191. Instead, Defendants paid Plaintiff and similarly situated persons who have worked in hourly-paid positions as drivers, couriers and route service representatives on a bi-weekly basis pursuant to a company-wide payroll policy in violation of New York Labor Law § 191.

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17. Upon information and belief, Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff and similarly situated persons who have worked in hourly-paid positions as drivers, couriers and route service representatives with notice of their wage rate and the basis of pay upon their hire as required by New York Labor Law § 195(1).

<u>RULE 23 CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS</u> <u>NEW YORK STATE LABOR LAW</u>

18. Plaintiff brings New York Labor Law claims on behalf of himself and a class of persons under F.R.C.P. Rule 23 consisting of all persons who are currently, or have been, employed by Quest in hourly-paid positions such as drivers, couriers and route service representatives in the State of New York at any time during the six (6) years prior to the filing of the initial Complaint and the date of judgment in this action (hereinafter referred to as the "Class" or the "Class Members").

19. The Class Members are readily ascertainable. The number and identity of the Class Members are determinable from the records of Defendants. Upon information and belief, there are more than 500 Class Members who have worked for Quest in hourly-paid positions such as drivers, couriers and route service representatives in the State of New York at any time during the six (6) years prior to the filing of the initial Complaint. The hours assigned and worked, the position held, and rates of pay for each Class Member may also be determinable from Defendants' records. For purposes of notice and other purposes related to this action, their names and addresses are readily available from Defendants. Notice can be provided by means permissible under F.R.C.P. Rule 23.

20. The proposed Class is numerous such that a joinder of all members is impracticable, and the disposition of their claims as a class will benefit the parties and the Court. Although the precise number of such persons is unknown because the facts on which the calculation of that

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number rests presently within the sole control of Defendants, upon information and belief there are over 500 individuals who are currently, or have been, employed by Defendants in hourly-paid positions such as drivers, couriers and route service representatives at any time in the State of New York during the six (6) years prior to the filing of the initial Complaint.

21. There are questions of law and fact common to the Class which predominate over any questions affecting only individual class members, including, but not limited to, whether Defendants paid Plaintiff and Class Members on a bi-weekly or semi-monthly basis in violation of New York Labor Law section 191 and the nature and extent of the Class-wide injury and the appropriate measure of damages for the class.

22. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the Class that he seeks to represent. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff "on a weekly basis and not later than seven calendar days after the end of the week in which the wages are earned," as required by New York Labor Law § 191. Plaintiff's claims are typical of those claims that could be alleged by any member of the Class, and the relief sought is typical of the relief that would be sought by each member of the Class in separate actions.

23. All the Class Members were subject to the same corporate practices of Defendants. Defendants' corporate-wide policies and practices affected all Class Members similarly, and Defendants benefited from the same type of unfair and/or wrongful acts as to each Class Member. Plaintiff and other Class Members sustained similar losses, injuries and damages arising from the same unlawful policies, practices, and procedures.

24. Plaintiff is able to fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class and has no interests antagonistic to the Class. Plaintiff has retained counsel competent and experienced in class actions, wage and hour litigation, and employment litigation.

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