UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Sonia Spates, individually on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated,

No. 1:21-cv-10155-ALC

Plaintiff,

- against -

Uber Technologies, Inc.,

Defendants.

PLAINTIFFS' MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO COMPEL ARBITRATION

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES	iii
INTRODUCTION	1
STATEMENT OF FACTS	2
A. Uber's Designation of the AAA as the Sole Arbitral Body and the Laws of California as Governing	2
B. Uber's Pending Litigation Against the AAA	3
C. Litigation Regarding Uber's Bait-and-Switch Scheme to Overcharge	5
ARGUMENT	7
I. Uber Did Not Meet Its Burden to Prove the Existence of an Agreement to Arbitrate	7
II. The Delegation Clause Is Unconscionable and Cannot Be Enforced	9
A. This Gateway Issue of Arbitrability Is for This Court to Determine under California Law	9
B. Plaintiff Specifically Challenges the Delegation Clause	11
C. The Requirement to Proceed Before the AAA Is Unconscionable	11
1. Procedural Unconscionability	12
2. Substantive Unconscionability	14
III. The Appointment of the AAA as the Sole Arbitral Body Cannot Be Severed, Rendering the Entirety of the Arbitration Provision Unenforceable	18
CONCLUSION	19

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

Cases

Aleksanian v. Uber Techs., Inc., 524 F.Supp.3d 251 (S.D.N.Y. 2021)	7
Am. Family Life Assurance Co. of N.Y. v. Baker, 778 F. App.'x 24 (2d Cir. 2019)	10
Armendariz v. Found. Health Psychcare Servs., Inc., 24 Cal.4th 83 (2000)	2, 13, 14
AT & T Techs., Inc. v. Commc'ns Workers of America, 475 U.S. 643 (1986)	10
AT&T Mobility LLC v. Concepcion, 563 U.S. 333 (2011)	10, 13
Bensadoun v. Jobe-Riat, 316 F.3d 171 (2d Cir. 2003)	7
BG Grp, PLC v. Rep. of Argentina, 572 U.S. 25 (2014)	18
Brower v. Gateway 2000, Inc., 676 N.Y.S.2d 569 (1st Dep't 1998)	12
Caperton v. A.T. Massey Coal Co., 556 U.S. 868 (2009)	13
Chavarria v. Ralphs Grocery Co., 733 F.3d 916 (9th Cir. 2013)	13
CIT Group/Business Credit, Inc. v. Phoenix Fuel, LLC, No. CV 09-3387-GHK (RZx), 2010 WL 11597290 (C.D. Cal. May 7, 2010)	8
Epstein v. Vision Service Plan 56 Cal.App.5th 223 (2020)	14
First Options of Chicago, Inc. v. Kaplan, 514 U.S. 938 (1995)	10
Gillman v. Chase Manhattan Bank. N.A., 73 N.Y.2d 1 (1988)	12
Graham v. Scissor-Tail, Inc., 28 Cal.3d 807 (1981)	14
Gringas v. Think Fin., Inc., 922 F.3d 112 (2d Cir. 2019), cert. denied, 140 S. Ct. 856 (2020).	11
Halligan v. Piper Jaffray, Inc., 148 F.3d 197 (2d Cir.1998)	15
Hines v. Anchor Motor Freight, 424 U.S. 554 (1976)	14
Hines v. Overstock.com, Inc., 380 F. App'x 22 (2d Cir. 2010)	7
In re Salomon Inc. Shareholders' Derivative Litigation, 68 F.3d 554 (2d Cir. 1995)	18
Kinney v. United Healthcare Servs., Inc., 70 Cal.App.4th 1322 (1999)	12
Magno v. The College Network, Inc. 1 Cal.App.5th 277 (2016)	5, 16, 18
Marmet Health Care Ctr., Inc. v. Brown, 565 U.S. 530 (2012)	10



Case 1:21-cv-10155-ALC Document 14 Filed 04/08/22 Page 4 of 23

Mastrobuono v. Shearson Lehman Hutton, 514 U.S. 523 (1995)	11
Matter of Friedman, 407 N.Y.S.2d 999 (2d Dep't 1978)	12
Matthew v. Uber Technologies Inc., Case No. CGC-20-58452 (Cal. Sup. Ct)	5
McGill v. Citibank, N.A., 2 Cal.5th 945 (2017)	5, 6
Meyer v. Uber Techs., Inc., 868 F.3d 66 (2d Cir. 2017)	7
Moss v. First Premier Bank, 825 F.3d 260 (2d Cir. 2016)	18
Newton v. Am. Debt Serv., Inc., 854 F.Supp.2d 712 (N.D. Cal. 2012), aff'd, 549 F. App'x 692 (9th Cir. 2013)	15, 16, 18
Newton v. Am. Debt. Servs., Inc., 549 F. App'x 692 (9th Cir. 2013)	13
Nicosia v. Amazon.com, Inc., 834 F.3d 220 (2d Cir. 2016)	7
Really Good Stuff, LLC v. BAP Investors, No. 19 Civ. 2218 (LLS) (GWG), 2021 WL 2469707 (S.D.N.Y. June 17, 2021)	8
Reed v. Uber Technologies, Inc., No. 22-cv-00596 (N.D. Cal.)	6
Rent-A-Center, West, Inc. v. Jackson, 561 U.S. 63 (2010)	11
Sanchez v. Western Pizza Enter., Inc., 172 Cal.App.4th 154 (2009), abrogated on separate grounds, Iskanian CLS Trans. Los Angeles, 59 Cal.4th 348, 366 (2014)	4) 15, 16
Serafin v. Balco Prop. Ltd, LLC, 235 Cal.App.4th 165 (2015)	14
Sonic-Calabasas A, Inc. v. Moreno, 57 Cal.4th 1109 (2013)	13
Tiri v. Lucky Chances, Inc., 226 Cal.App.4th 231 (2014)	11, 12, 14
United States v. Gasperini, 894 F.3d 482 (2d Cir. 2018)	8
Wherry v. Award, Inc. 192 Cal.App.4th 1242 (2011)	14
<u>Statutes</u>	
9 U.S.C. § 1	7
9 U.S.C. § 2	10, 11
Rules	
Fed. R. Evid. 1002	8
Fed. R. Evid. 1006	9



Plaintiff Sonia Spates ("Plaintiff") hereby submits the following in opposition to the motion by Uber Technologies, Inc. ("Defendant" or "Uber") to compel arbitration, ECF No. 8 ("Motion" or "Mot.").

INTRODUCTION

Uber moves to compel arbitration, claiming that Plaintiff ignored the binding arbitration agreement that covers her claims. Uber fails to disclose a crucial fact: Uber sued the American Arbitration Association ("AAA"), the sole arbitral body that it designated in its Terms of Use, and refused to pay the AAA tens of millions of dollars in arbitration fees. But this is no simple fee dispute. In Uber Technologies, Inc. v. American Arbitration Association, Inc., Index No. 655549/2021, currently pending in New York state court, Uber accused the AAA of taking advantage of "a ransom orchestrated by politically-motivated lawyers" in order to make an "exorbitant demand" that would result in a windfall for its arbitrators. See Uber's Declaratory Judgment Complaint, attached as Ex. 1 to Declaration of Sue J. Nam in Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Compel Arbitration ("Nam Decl."), at ¶¶ 1, 73-79. Uber alleged that the AAA is voluntarily "playing along" with efforts to "punish Uber for supporting the Black community in the wake of George Floyd's murder." Id. at ¶ 1. Uber in effect suggested that the AAA may be tainted by greed and/or racial insensitivity. Uber also claimed that the AAA acted unreasonably, unjustly, unconscionably, unlawfully, and unfairly. See, e.g., id. at ¶ 1, 4, 7, 76, 92, 96, 97, 98, 106, 107, 112, 113. In light of these grave allegations, Uber's claim that "this lawsuit has nothing to do with the merits of any underlying arbitral dispute," id. at ¶ 2, rings hollow.

Rather than avail itself of private arbitration, which Uber imposes on its users, Uber chose to publicly air its grievances against the AAA and expressly called into question the integrity of the AAA, the one and only arbitral organization that it mandates in its Terms of Use. As a result, the delegation clause—and the entire mandatory arbitration provision—is unconscionable and



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