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## RECORD OF ORAL HEARING

## UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

APPLE INC. Petitioner

v.

ACHATES REFERENCE PUBLISHING, INC. Patent Owner

Case IPR2013-00080 (Patent 6,173,403) Case IPR2013-00081 (Patent 5,982,889)

Oral Hearing Held: February 26, 2014

Before HOWARD B. BLANKENSHIP, JUSTIN T. ARBES, and GREGG I. ANDERSON, *Administrative Patent Judges*.



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### **APPEARANCES:**

#### ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER:

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## ON BEHALF OF THE PATENT OWNER:

VINCENT E. McGEARY, ESQUIRE Gibbons, P.C. One Gateway Center Newark, New Jersey 07102-5310 BRAD D. PEDERSEN, ESQUIRE Patterson, Thuente, Pedersen, P.A. 4800 IDS Center, 80 South 8th Street Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402

The above-entitled matter came on for hearing on Wednesday, February 26, 2014, commencing at 2:11 p.m., at the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, 600 Dulany Street, Alexandria, Virginia 22314.

1	P R O C E E D I N G S
2	
3	JUDGE ARBES: This is the oral hearing in two cases, Cases IPR
4	2013-80 and 2013-81 involving Patent 6,173,403 and Patent 5,982,889.
5	Would counsel please state your names for the record?
6	MR. KUSHAN: Jeff Kushan and Joe Micallef for Petitioner Apple.
7	MR. PEDERSEN: Brad Pedersen and Vincent McGeary for the
8	Patent Owner Achates.
9	JUDGE ARBES: Per the Board's trial hearing order in these cases,
10	each party will have 90 minutes total time to present for the two cases. You
11	can allocate that time however you would like. The order of presentation
12	will be that counsel for the Petitioner will go first regarding the challenged
13	claims in the 80 case. You may reserve time for rebuttal.
14	The Patent Owner will then respond with respect to the challenged
15	claims in the 80 case. The Petitioner can then use rebuttal time for that one.
16	We will then take a short break and then proceed in the exact same manner
17	for the 81 case.
18	A couple of reminders before we begin, to ensure that the transcript is
19	clear, because we have one judge in the Denver office, we would ask the
20	parties to please try to remember to refer to your demonstratives by slide
21	number so the record is complete. And, also, if you can stay near the
22	podium so that the judge in the other office can hear you.
23	Do the parties have copies of the demonstratives that you will be
24	using today?

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DOCKET

Case IPR2013-00080 (Patent 6,173,403) Case IPR2013-00081 (Patent 5,982,889)

1 MR. KUSHAN: Yes, Your Honor. May I approach?

2 JUDGE ARBES: Yes, please.

MR. KUSHAN: These are the demonstratives. I also was going to ask that we provide you with a copy of the one exhibit that's under seal so you have it accessible. If that's okay, I can leave it with you. These are our copies for the panel.

7 MR. McGEARY: Your Honor, we don't have an extra copy of the8 demonstrative exhibits.

JUDGE ARBES: That's fine. Counsel for the Petitioner, you can go
first. And would you like to reserve time for rebuttal? And, if so, how
much?

MR. KUSHAN: We would like to reserve about half of our time for
rebuttal. And we will take it somewhat as we go to the second proceeding.
Thank you very much. Today's hearing is going to focus on two

patents in a fairly crowded field of technology with a fair amount of prior art. And before we get into the details, it is important to appreciate that the patents that we are dealing with concern a technique, which essentially takes a set of information and uses a conventional encryption technique as an aid to transfer the files securely.

When you look at the patents, they employ very well in very established encryption and other techniques that have been in the prior art for a fair amount of time. And as we go through the issues, you will see that the claims are, in fact, going to be fairly, clearly obvious or anticipated by that prior art.

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Case IPR2013-00080 (Patent 6,173,403) Case IPR2013-00081 (Patent 5,982,889)

1 So we move to Slide 2. These are the grounds that we are going to be 2 addressing. And I am also going to be taking up the grounds based on Pettitt 3 and Beetcher. And my colleague Mr. Micallef will be taking up the grounds 4 based on Ginter. If we go to Slide 3.

5 The first issue I would like to address is the finding of anticipation by 6 Pettitt. This is Claim 1. It has been found anticipated. And what we did in 7 our petition was outline that there were two distinct authentication codes in 8 the Pettitt scheme. And if you see on the bottom here in our '403 petition at 9 Pages 26 and 27, we explain how the Pettitt scheme works.

In Pettitt, there is an encrypted reply envelope, which is created. Inside that encrypted reply envelope are a number of items and information. One of them is called the digital authorization certificate. I will call that the DAC for short. In the process, this encrypted reply envelope is sent through a chain down to a reseller. And then when the reseller receives that, it decrypts it and recovers the information inside the envelope.

The encrypted reply envelope is also signed with the digital signature of the LCH, license clearinghouse. Once it's decrypted at the reseller, the contents are then passed on to the user. And those contents, including the DAC, are used to install the software.

This demonstration in Pettitt -- as I said, this is from our petition. We have very clearly identified that there were actually two authentication codes in the Pettitt scheme. One was the LCH digital signature. And if we go to Slide 8, this is one of the statement of facts we included with our petition in 81 where we set out our position with the digital authorization certificate as an authentication code supported by evidence of Mr. Schneier.

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