Paper No. 10 Entered: December 7, 2016

## UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

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## BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

TORRENT PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED, Petitioner,

v.

UCB PHARMA GMBH, Patent Owner.

Case IPR2016-01636 Patent 6,858,650 B1

Before KRISTINA M. KALAN, ROBERT A. POLLOCK, and MICHELLE N. ANKENBRAND, *Administrative Patent Judges*.

ANKENBRAND, Administrative Patent Judge.

## **DECISION**

Institution of *Inter Partes* Review and Grant of Motion for Joinder 37 C.F.R. § 42.108; 37 C.F.R. § 42.122(b)



## I. INTRODUCTION

Torrent Pharmaceuticals Limited ("Petitioner") filed a Petition ("Pet.") requesting an *inter partes* review of claims 1–5 and 21–24 of U.S. Patent No. 6,858,650 B1 (Ex. 1001, "the '650 patent"). Paper 2. Concurrently with its Petition, Petitioner filed a Motion for Joinder (Paper 3, "Mot.") with the *inter partes* review in *Mylan Pharms., Inc. v. UCB Pharma GmbH*, Case IPR2016-00510 (the "Mylan IPR" and Petitioner "Mylan"), an ongoing *inter partes* review, which was instituted on July 20, 2016. *See* IPR2016-00510, Paper 12. UCB Pharma GmbH ("Patent Owner") did not file a Preliminary Response or a response to Petitioner's Motion for Joinder.

We have authority to determine whether to institute an *inter partes* review. 35 U.S.C. § 42.4(a). We may not institute an *inter partes* review "unless . . . there is a reasonable likelihood that the petitioner would prevail with respect to at least 1 of the claims challenged in the petition." 35 U.S.C. § 314(a). A petitioner may be joined as a party to a previously instituted *inter partes* review if that petitioner "properly files a petition . . . that we determine[] warrants the institution of an inter partes review." 35 U.S.C. § 315(c); 37 C.F.R. § 42.4(a).

After considering the Petition and the evidence currently of record, we conclude that Petitioner has demonstrated that there is a reasonable likelihood that it would prevail with respect to at least one of the claims challenged in the Petition. Our conclusion is consistent with our institution decision in the Mylan IPR. *See* IPR2016-00510, Paper 12. Thus, we institute an *inter partes* review of claims 1–5 and 21–24 of the '650 patent. Further, we grant Petitioner's Motion for Joinder and exercise our discretion



to join Petitioner to the Mylan IPR. We further terminate the present proceeding, IPR2016-01636.

### II. PETITION FOR *INTER PARTES* REVIEW

The parties indicate that the '650 patent is the subject of several district court cases filed in the U.S. District Court for the District of Delaware and the U.S. District Court for the District of West Virginia. Pet. 1; Paper 8, 2. In addition, the '650 patent is subject to the Mylan IPR, which has been instituted, and pending *inter partes* review proceedings, IPR2016-01596 and IPR2016-01665. Paper 8, 3–4.

In the Mylan IPR, we instituted *inter partes* review of claims 1–5 and 21–24 of the '650 patent on the same grounds of unpatentability asserted in the present Petition, which are reproduced below. Pet. 3; Mot. 1; IPR2016-00510, Paper 12, 29.

References	Basis	Claims Challenged
Postlind, <sup>1</sup> "Bundgaard publications," <sup>2,3,4</sup> Detrol Label, <sup>5</sup> and Berge <sup>6</sup>	§ 103	1–5 and 21–24

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Postlind et al., *Tolterodine, A New Muscarinic Receptor Antagonist, is Metabolized by Cytochromes P450 2D6 and 3A in Human Liver Microsomes*, 26(4) DRUG METABOLISM & DISPOSITION 289–293 (1998) (Ex. 1010) ("Postlind").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Berge et al., *Pharmaceutical Salts*, 66(1) J. PHARM. SCI. 1–19 (1977) (Ex. 1013) ("Berge").



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As in the Mylan IPR, we interpret Petitioner's reference to "Bundgaard publications" as referring to Exhibits 1012 and 1020. IPR2016-00510, Paper 12, 5 n.3; Pet. v-iv, 3–4, 18–20, 27–28, 30.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Bundgaard, Design of Prodrugs Elsevier (1985) (Ex. 1012) ("Bundgaard").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> WO 92/08459, published May 29, 1992 (Ex. 1020) ("Bundgaard PCT").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Detrol<sup>TM</sup> (tolterodine tartrate tablets) prescribing information (1998) (Ex. 1009) ("Detrol Label").

References	Basis	Claims Challenged
Brynne, <sup>7</sup> Bundgaard	§ 103	1–5 and 21–24
publications, and Johansson <sup>8</sup>		

Petitioner supports its assertions with the same evidence and arguments proffered in the Mylan IPR. Pet. 6–58. Petitioner represents that its Petition "proposes institution of trial on the same grounds that were instituted by the Board in the Mylan IPR," and that Petitioner "relies on the same arguments, exhibits, and expert testimony included in the Mylan IPR." Mot. 6.

Because the asserted grounds of unpatentability, the arguments, and the supporting evidence here are identical to those in the Mylan IPR, we adopt the analysis from our institution decision in that case. IPR2016-00510, Paper 12, 6–28. Consistent with that analysis, we determine that Petitioner has shown a reasonable likelihood that it will prevail with respect to its challenges to claims 1–5 and 21–24 of the '650 patent on the asserted grounds. Accordingly, we institute an *inter partes* review in this proceeding on the same grounds as those on which we instituted trial in the Mylan IPR. We do not institute an *inter partes* review on any other grounds.

### III. MOTION FOR JOINDER

Petitioner also seeks joinder with the *inter partes* review in the Mylan IPR. Mot. 1. Petitioner filed the present Motion on August 18, 2016, within one month of our July 20, 2016 decision instituting *inter partes* review in the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Johansson et al., WO 94/11337, published May 26, 1994 (Ex. 1005) ("Johansson").



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Brynne et al., *Influence of CYP2D6 polymorphism on the pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of tolterodine*, 63(5) CLIN. PHARMACOL. & THERAPEUTICS 529–539 (1998) (Ex. 1011) ("Brynne").

Mylan IPR. The Motion, therefore, is timely under 37 C.F.R. § 42.122(b) ("Any request for joinder must be filed, as a motion under § 42.22, no later than one month after the institution date of any inter partes review for which joinder is requested."). Accordingly, we must consider whether to exercise our discretion to join Petitioner as a party to the Mylan IPR.

In its Motion for Joinder, Petitioner asserts that it "will maintain a secondary, 'understudy' role in the joined proceeding." Mot. 7. In that regard, Petitioner represents that it will "coordinate with Mylan to provide consolidated filings within the page limits and will not submit any separate filings unless and until Mylan settles with [Patent Owner] or the Mylan IPR is otherwise terminated." *Id.* at 8. Petitioner also represents that it will not "seek additional time for depositions or oral argument." *Id.* 

Given Petitioner's concessions, and because Petitioner has satisfied the requirements of § 315(c), we grant Petitioner's Motion for Joinder and exercise our discretion to join Petitioner as a party to the Mylan IPR, subject to the conditions detailed below. We further terminate the trial in IPR2016-01636.

Petitioner shall adhere to the existing schedule in the Mylan IPR. All filings by Petitioner in the Mylan IPR shall be consolidated with the filings of the other Mylan IPR Petitioner(s), unless the filing involves an issue unique to Petitioner or states a point of disagreement related to the consolidated filing. In such circumstances, Petitioner shall seek

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> We issue this decision concurrently with decisions in IPR2016-01596 and IPR2016-01665. In each case, we institute an *inter partes* review based on the same grounds as those on which we instituted trial in the Mylan IPR and grant Petitioner's motion for joinder.



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