

US006112075A

Patent Number:

[11]

United States Patent [19]

Weiser [45] Date of Patent: Aug. 29, 2000

[54]	METHOD OF COMMUNICATING
	EMERGENCY WARNINGS THROUGH AN
	EXISTING CELLULAR COMMUNICATION
	NETWORK, AND SYSTEM FOR
	COMMUNICATING SUCH WARNINGS

[76] Inventor: **Douglas Diedrich Weiser**, 623 Lakeview Rd., Lake St. Louis, Mo.

63367

[21] Appl. No.: 09/002,522[22] Filed: Jan. 2, 1998

Related U.S. Application Data

[63]	Continuation of application No. 08/335,150, Nov. 7, 1994, abandoned.
[51]	Int. Cl. ⁷ H04Q 7/20

[1	11100 O10	
[52]	U.S. Cl	455/404 ; 455/521; 455/556;
		455/557; 455/228; 340/539
[58]	Field of Search	455/404, 466,
	455/521, 38.	1, 38.2, 31.2, 556, 557, 525,

455/521, 38.1, 38.2, 31.2, 556, 557, 525, 227, 228, 344, 567; 340/825.44, 825.54, 539, 709, 601; 379/37, 39

[56] References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

3,701,024	10/1972	Knowles et al 455/526
4,415,771	11/1983	Martinez 379/43
4,435,843	3/1984	Eilers et al 455/228 X

5,272,465	12/1993	Meares, Jr
5,278,539	1/1994	Lauterbach et al 340/539
5,444,433	8/1995	Gropper 455/526 X
5,448,618	9/1995	Sandlerman 455/404 X

5,533,094 7/1996 Sammugam 425/426

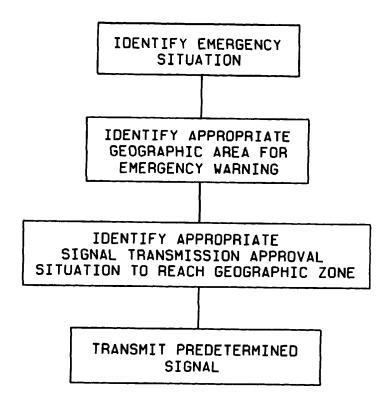
6,112,075

Primary Examiner—Fan Tsang
Assistant Examiner—Philip J. Sobutka
Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Howell & Haferkamp, LC

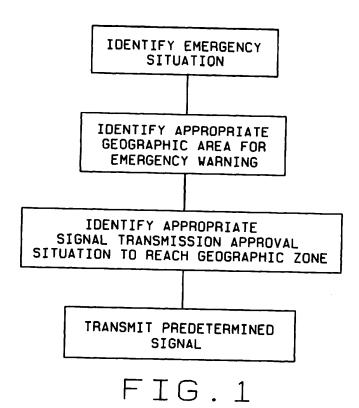
[57] ABSTRACT

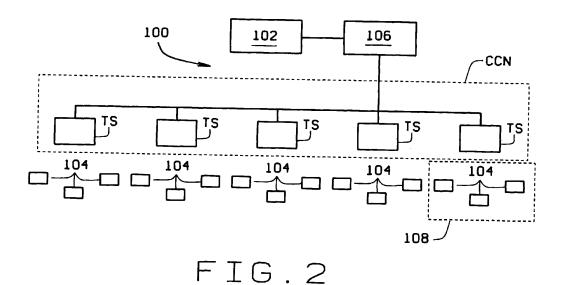
A method of communicating emergency warnings to persons within a selected in a region served by a cellular communication system that comprises a plurality of transmission stations, includes providing persons in the area with warning devices that generate an emergency warning in response to a predetermined signal; identifying at least one transmission station in the communication system to transmit the predetermined signal to warning devices in the selected area; and transmitting the predetermined signal from the identified transmission station to cause warning devices in the selected area to generate emergency warnings. The system for implementing this method includes a plurality of warning devices disbursed throughout the area, and a device for identifying one or more signal transmission stations in the cellular communication network appropriate to transmit the predetermined signal to warning devices in the selected area, and causing the transmission stations identified to transmit the predetermined signal to cause warning devices in the selected geographic area to generate emergency warnings.

13 Claims, 2 Drawing Sheets



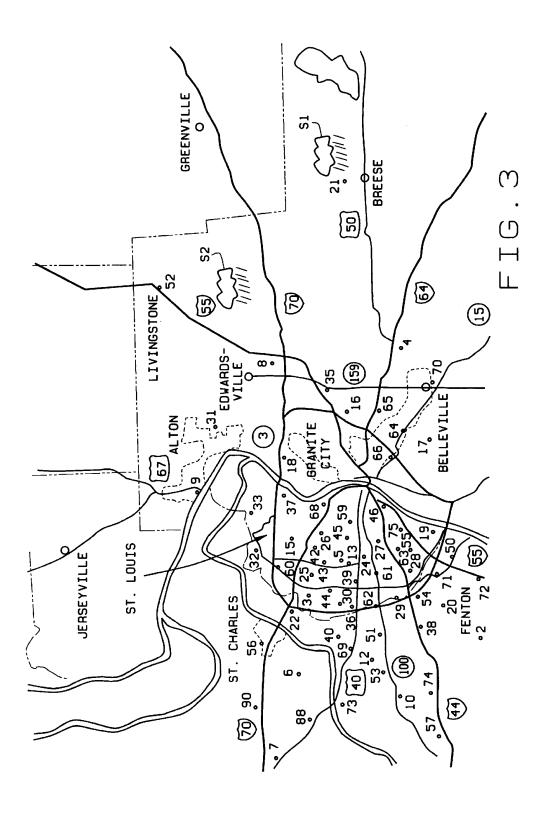








Aug. 29, 2000





METHOD OF COMMUNICATING **EMERGENCY WARNINGS THROUGH AN** EXISTING CELLULAR COMMUNICATION NETWORK, AND SYSTEM FOR COMMUNICATING SUCH WARNINGS

This application is a continuation of application Ser. No. 08/335,150, filed on Nov. 7, 1994, and now abandoned.

BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to a method of communicating emergency warnings utilizing an existing cellular communication network, and a system for communicating such 15 emergency warnings.

There are a number of situations where it is desirable to issue warnings to a broad audience in a selected geographic area. For example, in the case of severe weather, such as a tornado, it is desirable to warn persons in the areas affected so that they can seek shelter. In some areas, audible alarm systems are provided to warn residents of such weather emergencies. However, not everyone in the area can hear these warnings. Moreover, it is expensive to establish and 25 maintain this elaborate system just for occasional use. Another example of a situation where it is desirable to issue an emergency warning to a broad audience in a selected geographic area is in the case of a nuclear power plant or a toxic waste handing site. In these situations, special radio receivers have been provided to persons in areas likely to be affected, and special transmitters provided to transmit warnings to those special receivers. Again, it is expensive to establish and maintain this type of elaborate system just for 35 occasional use. Moreover, these systems are local by nature, and do not provide warnings to persons just passing through the area.

The present invention provides a method and system for communicating emergency warnings through an existing cellular communication network. Cellular communication networks, and in particular cellular telephone networks, now cover large portions of the United States. These networks across a geographic region. The primary function of these networks is to facilitate communication by cellular telephones, and the systems are maintained for that purpose. Thus, the cost of establishing and maintaining a major portion of the system is already financed. The method of the present invention utilizes this established cellular communication network to communicate emergency warnings to a selected geographic area within the geographic region served by the network. According to this method, persons 55 within the area are provided with warning devices that generate an emergency warning in response to a predetermined signal transmitted from one of the signal transmission stations in the cellular communication network. When an emergency situation occurs, at least one signal transmission station in the cellular communication network, appropriate to transmit the predetermined signal to warning devices in the affected geographic area, is selected. Then the predetermined signal is transmitted from the selected transmission 65 station to cause warning devices in the selected geographic area to generate emergency warnings.

The emergency warning is thus selectively transmitted to those warning devices within a certain proximity of the selected transmission stations. By utilizing a preexisting cellular communication network, the only additional cost of implementing the method and system is the provision of warning devices, which can be relatively simple and inexpensive. By making these devices universal (which is only possible by using selected transmission stations), the cost $_{10}\,$ can be reduced and the method and system can function to provide emergency warnings to persons merely passing through the geographic area affected by the emergency.

The method and system of the present invention improve the ability of emergency management agencies to reach the population. The method and system operate independently of regular telephone and electrical service, which can be compromised in emergency situations. The method and system reaches persons inside buildings where sirens might be difficult to hear and where televisions and radios may not be in operation.

The system is simple in construction and operation. The warning units are triggered by a common predetermined signal, and geographical selectivity is achieved by proximity to particular cellular transmission stations. This eliminates the need for geographic encoding of the warning devices, or programming units for specific locations.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a flow chart of the method of the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a schematic diagram of the embodiment of a system for implementing the method of this invention; and

FIG. 3 is a map of a geographic region served by cellular communication network of the type utilized by the present invention, illustrating the operation of the method of this invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

According to the method of the present invention, persons comprise a plurality signal transmission stations distributed 45 within the geographic region to whom it would be desirable to communicate emergency warnings are provided with a warning device. In the case of weather warnings, the warning device might be provided to everyone in the region. In the case of nuclear power plants or toxic waste handling sites, the warning devices might only be provided to those persons in the region likely to be affected- by an emergency at such plants or sites.

> The warning device is preferably a simple, inexpensive device that generates a emergency warning in response to receiving a predetermined signal. The emergency warning can be an audible alarm, a recorded or generated spoken warning, a visible warning, such as a flashing light, a tactile warning, such as a vibration or any combination thereof. The devices can all be made to be responsive to the same predetermined signal, and preferably are responsive to the same signal, the geographic selectivity of the emergency warning is controlled by controlling the transmission of the preselected signal. If all of the devices are responsive to the same signal, then a device can be used to receive signals in any area where the signal may be given. Thus, for example



3

if an automobile, truck, or train is carrying such a warning device, and traverses a geographic area where a warning is being communicated, then the persons in the automobile, truck, or on the train will likewise receive the emergency warning via the warning device.

Of course it is possible to make the warning device responsive to more than one preselected signal, and to have the warning device generate different specific emergency warnings in response to differing preselected signals. Thus it 10 is possible to use this method and system to warn of varying degrees of emergency, or to warn of several different types of emergencies. For example, the method and system could be used to send an emergency warning of a severe weather alert, a severe weather watch, and a severe weather warning.

In the preferred embodiment the warning device has a 110 VAC standard grounded male three-prong plug flush mounted to the back of the device for wall mounting. The device would include a receiving antenna tuned to cellular ²⁰ frequencies. The antenna is preferably flexible and/or retractable. The device preferably includes a DC power supply to maintain a rechargeable back-up battery circuit.

In the preferred embodiment the warning device has an audible signal, similar to that in many home smoke alarms. However, the warning device should have a distinctive signal so that the warning signal is not confused with some other type of alarm. The warning device has suitable circuitry, whose design is well within the ability of a person of ordinary skill in the art, that recognizes a preselected "MINS" cellular signal, transmitted from one or more selected transmission stations in the cellular communication network. The device also has suitable circuitry, also within the ability of a person of ordinary skill in the art, responsive to recognition of the "MINS" cellular signals to generate the emergency warning.

When an emergency occurs, or is about to occur, affecting a particular geographic area, one or more transmission stations within the cellular communication net work are identified as appropriate to transmit the predetermined signal to warning devices in the selected geographic area. As a general rule, the identified transmission stations will be those closest to the selected geographic area. The preselected signal is then transmitted from the identified signal transmission station(s) to cause warning devices in the selected geographic area to generate emergency warnings.

Emergency management agencies or other authorities responsible for issuing emergency warnings can activate specific transmission stations, for example by ground line telephone and computer links. The system of this invention is readily adaptable to automation, for example, when a weather monitoring system identifies an emergency in a particular geographic area, a computer can automatically identify the cellular transmission stations appropriate for that particular geographic area, and automatically cause the appropriate transmission stations to transmit the preselected for signal.

One embodiment of the method of the present invention is represented schematically in FIG. 1. In the first step, an emergency situation is identified. In the second step, the 65 appropriate geographic area for the emergency warning is identified. In the third step, the appropriate signal transmis-

4

sion stations to reach the geographic area are identified. This can be done with a manual or automated look-up table, or geographically on a map, or otherwise. In the fourth step, the predetermined signal is transmitted from the identified transmission stations, thereby activating the warning devices in the vicinity of the identified transmission stations, and providing a warning to persons in proximity to the warning, device

One possible implementation of the system of this invention is illustrated schematically in FIG. 2. The system 100 comprises a device 102 for automatically identifying a geographic area where an emergency situation exists. The system also comprises a plurality of warning devices 104 disbursed in the region. The warning devices 104 generate an emergency warning in response to a predetermined signal from a signal transmission station (TS) in a cellular communication network (CCN). The system also includes a device 106 that automatically identifies one or more of the signal transmission stations (TS) appropriate to transmit the predetermined signal and causes the identified signal transmission station to transmit the predetermined signal. The warning devices 104 within the transmission range of the signal transmission station are activated by the predetermined signal and provide an emergency warning to those persons in the vicinity of the warning devices. For example, if device 102 identified an emergency situation in area 108, the device 106 would identify the signal transmission station (TS) 110 as appropriate to reach area 108, and cause the signal transmission station 110 to send the predetermined signal. This actuates the warning devices 104 in the area 108, but not the other warning devices, which are too remote from station 110 to react to the predetermined signals.

OPERATION

The operation of the method and system of the presents invention are best understood with reference to the FIG. 3 map. FIG. 3 is a map of a geographic region served by a cellular communication network comprising a plurality of signal transmission stations identified with one or two-digit numbers. According to the method of this invention, if a storm was identified at S1, the signal transmission station 21 would be identified as appropriate to generate the predetermined signal to warning devices in areas affected by the storm. The predetermined signal would then be transmitted from signal transmission station 21, causing warning devices in the vicinity of the station and in the vicinity of the storm at S1, to generate emergency warnings. Similarly, if a storm were identified at S2, the signal transmission stations 8 and 52 might be identified as appropriate to generate the predetermined signal to warning devices in areas affected by the storm. The predetermined signal would then be transmitted from signal transmission stations 8 and 52, causing warning devices in the vicinity of those stations and the vicinity of the storm at 52 to generate an emergency warning.

The method and system of the invention can also be coupled with radio broadcast technology. For example, a warning device can be incorporated into a car, and coupled to the car radio such that when the warning device is triggered by the predetermined signal, the warning device tunes the radio, or if the radio is not on it turns on and tunes



DOCKET

Explore Litigation Insights



Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time** alerts and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.

