

US005773258A

Patent Number:

Date of Patent:

[11]

[45]

5,773,258

*Jun. 30, 1998

United States Patent [19]

Birch et al.

54] NUCLEIC ACID AMPLIFICATION USING A REVERSIBLY INACTIVATED THERMOSTABLE ENZYME

[75] Inventors: David Edward Birch, Berkeley;

Walter Joseph Laird, Pinole; Michael Anthony Zoccoli, Moraga, all of Calif.

[73] Assignee: Roche Molecular Systems, Inc.,

Branchburg, N.J.

[*] Notice: The term of this patent shall not extend

beyond the expiration date of Pat. No.

5,677,152.

[21] Appl. No.: **680,283**

[22] Filed: **Jul. 11, 1996**

Related U.S. Application Data

[60] Provisional application No. 60/002,673, Aug. 25, 1995.

[51] **Int. Cl.**⁶ **C12P 19/34**; C12N 9/00; C12N 9/99

435/810

[56] References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

5,262,525	11/1993	Bonnaffe et al	530/411
5,338,671	8/1994	Scalice et al	435/91.2

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Atassi et al. Reaction of Proteins with Citraconic Anhydride, Methods in Enzymology, vol. XXV, pp. 546–553, 1972. Goldberger and Anfinsen, May, 1962, "The Reversible Masking of Amino Groups in Ribonuclease and Its Possible Usefulness in the Synthesis of the Protein" Biochemistry 1(3):401–405.

Hunter and Ludwig, Sep., 1962, "The Reaction of Imidoesters With Proteins and Related Small Molecules" Imidoesters With Proteins 84:3491–3504.

Habeeb, 1966, "Determination of Free Amino Groups in Proteins by Trinitrobenzenesulfonic Acid" Analytical Biochemistry 14:328–336.

Bailey et al., 1967, "Liver Enzyme Changes in the Developing Rats" Proceedings of the Biochemical Society 103:78p-79p.

Marzotto et al., 1967, "Acetcacetylation of Ribonuclease A" Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications 26(5):517–521.

Marzotto et al., 1968, "Reversible Acetoacetylation of Amino Groups in Proteins" Biochimica et Biophysica Acta 154:450–456.

Braunitzer et al., Feb., 1968, "Tetrafluorbernsteinsaure-anhydrid, ein neues Reagens zur spezifischen und reversiblen Maskierung der Aminogruppen in Proteinen" Hoppe-Seyler's Z. Physiol. Chem. 349: 265.

Dixon and Perham, 1968, "Reversible Blocking of Amino Groups with Citraconic Anhydride" Biochem. J. 109:312–314.

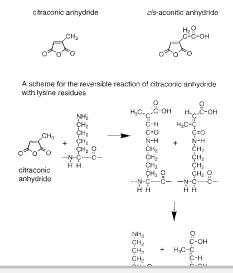
(List continued on next page.)

Primary Examiner—Kenneth R. Horlick Assistant Examiner—Joyce Tung Attorney, Agent, or Firm—George W Johnston; Dennis P. Tramaloni; Douglas A. Petry

[57] ABSTRACT

The present invention provides methods for the amplification of nucleic acids using a reversibly inactivated thermostable enzyme. The reversibly inactivated enzyme is the result of a chemical modification of the protein which inactivates the enzyme. The activity of the inactivated enzyme is recovered by an incubation of the reaction mixture at an elevated temperature prior to, or as part of, the amplification reaction. Non-specific amplification is reduced because the reaction mixture does not support the formation of extension products prior to the activating incubation.

13 Claims, 5 Drawing Sheets





OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Habeeb and Atassi, 1970, "Enzymatic and Immunochemical Properties of Lysozyme—Evaluation of Several Amino Group Reversible Blocking Reagents" Biochemistry 9(25):4939–4944.

Atassi and Habeeb, 1972, "Reaction of Proteins with Citraconic Anhydride" Methods in Enzymology 25(Part B):546–553.

Shetty and Kinsella, 1980, "Ready Separation of Proteins from Nucleoprotein Complexes by Reversible Modificcation of Lysine Residues" Biochem. J. 191:269–272.

Rozovskaya et al., 1981, "Modification of *Escherichia coli* RNA Polymerase by Diethyl Procarbonate" Molecular biology 15(1):61–66.

Naithani and Gattner, Dec., 1982, "Preparation and Properties of Citraconylinsulins" Hoppe–Seyler's Physiol. Chem. 363:1443–1448.

de la Escalera and Palacian, 1989, "Dimethylmaleic Anhydride, a Specific Reagent for Protein Amino Groups" Biochem. Cell. Biol. 67:63–66.

Nieto and Palacian, 1989, "Effects of Temperature and pH on the Regeneration of the Amino Groups of Ovalbumin After Modification with Citraconic and Dimethylmaleic Anhydrides" Biochimica et Biophysica Acta 749:204–210.

Palacian et al., 1990, Dicarboxylic Acid Anhydrides as Dissociating Agents of Protein–Containing Structures Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry 97:101–111.

Lundblad, R.L., Chemical Reagents for Protein Modification, second edition, Boca Raton, Florida, CRC Press, 1991, Chapter 10, entitled "The Modification of Lysine".



Fig. 1

citraconic anhydride

cis-aconitic anhydride

A scheme for the reversible reaction of citraconic anhydride with lysine residues

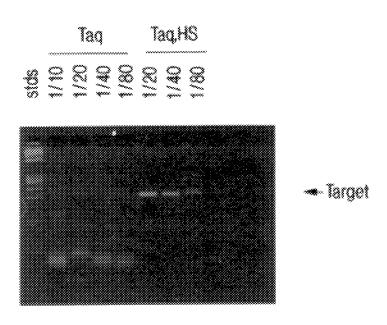


FIG. 2

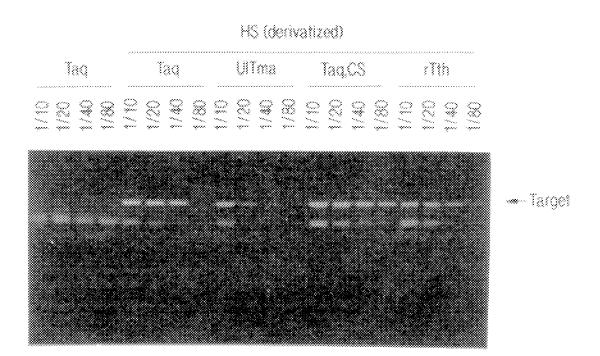


FIG. 3

DOCKET

Explore Litigation Insights



Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time** alerts and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.

