

## PROVISIONAL APPLICATION COVER SHEET

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This is a request for filing a PROVISIONAL APPLICATION under 37 CFR 1.53 (c).

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<b>INVENTOR(s) / APPLICANT(s)</b>					
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Vermeulen Wouters	An Alfons		TURNHOUTSEWEG 30 BEERSE BE TURNHOUTSEWEG 30 BEERSE BE		
<b>TITLE OF THE INVENTION (280 characters max)</b>					
DOSING REGIMEN ASSOCIATED WITH LONG ACTING INJECTABLE PALIPERIDONE ESTERS					
<b>CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS</b>					
Direct all correspondence to: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Customer Number <b>000027777</b> OR <input type="checkbox"/> Firm of Individual Name:					
<b>ENCLOSED APPLICATION PARTS (check all that apply)</b>					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specification	<i>Number of Pages</i>	<u>60</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Application Data Sheet		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Claims	<i>Number of Claims</i>	<u>34</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> CD(s), Number	_____	
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<b>METHOD OF PAYMENT (check one)</b>					
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The invention was made by an agency of the United States Government or under a contract with an agency of the United States Government.

No

Yes, the name of the U.S. Government agency and the Government contract number are:

Respectfully submitted,

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DATE: December 5, 2008

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PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FILING ONLY

**DOSING REGIMEN ASSOCIATED WITH LONG ACTING INJECTABLE  
PALIPERIDONE ESTERS**

**FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

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This invention relates to a method of treating patients in need of treatment with long acting injectable paliperidone palmitate formulations.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

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Antipsychotic medications are the mainstay in the treatment of schizophrenia, schizoaffective disorder, and schizophreniform disorders. Conventional antipsychotics were introduced in the mid-1950s. These typical or first generation drugs are usually effective in controlling the positive symptoms of schizophrenia, but are less effective in moderating the negative symptoms or the cognitive impairment associated with the disease. Atypical antipsychotics or second generation drugs, typified by risperidone and olanzapine, were developed in the 1990s, and are generally characterized by effectiveness against both the positive and negative symptoms associated with schizophrenia.

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Paliperidone palmitate is the palmitate ester of paliperidone (9-hydroxy-risperidone), a monoaminergic antagonist that exhibits the characteristic dopamine D<sub>2</sub> and serotonin (5-hydroxytryptamine type 2A) antagonism of the second-generation, atypical antipsychotic drugs. Paliperidone is the major active metabolite of risperidone. Extended release (ER) osmotic controlled release oral delivery (OROS) paliperidone, as a tablet formulation, is marketed in the United States (U.S.) for the treatment of schizophrenia and maintenance of effect.

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Paliperidone palmitate is being developed as a long-acting, intramuscular (i.m.), injectable aqueous nanosuspension for the treatment of schizophrenia and other diseases that are normally treated with antipsychotic mediations. Because of extreme low water solubility, paliperidone esters such as paliperidone palmitate dissolve slowly

after an i.m. injection before being hydrolyzed to paliperidone and made available in the systemic circulation.

Many patients with these mental illnesses achieve symptom stability with available oral antipsychotic medications; however, it is estimated that up to 75% have difficulty adhering to a daily oral treatment regimen, i.e. compliance problems. Problems with adherence often result in worsening of symptoms, suboptimal treatment response, frequent relapses and re-hospitalizations, and an inability to benefit from rehabilitative and psychosocial therapies.

Paliperidone palmitate injection has been developed to provide sustained plasma concentrations of paliperidone when administered once monthly, which may greatly enhance compliance with dosing. Paliperidone palmitate was formulated as an aqueous nano suspension as is described in US Patents 6,577,545 and 6,555,544. However, after the data was analyzed from the clinical trials of this formulation it was discovered that the absorption of paliperidone from these injections was far more complex than was originally anticipated. Additionally, attaining a potential therapeutic plasma level of paliperidone in patients was discovered to be dependent on the site of injection until steady state concentration is reached. Due to the challenging nature of ensuring an optimum plasma concentration-time profile for treating patients with paliperidone it is desirable to develop a dosing regimen that fulfills this goal in patients in need of treatment.

#### **BREIF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES**

Figure 1 shows the observed versus the population pharmacokinetics model simulation for plasma paliperidone concentrations for paliperidone palmitate 150 mg eq. in the deltoid on day 1, followed by 25 mg eq. in either the deltoid or gluteus on days 8, 36, and 64.

Figure 2 shows the observed versus the population pharmacokinetics model simulation for plasma paliperidone concentrations for paliperidone palmitate 150 mg eq. in the deltoid on day 1, followed by 100 mg eq. in either the deltoid or gluteus on days 8, 36, and 64.

Figure 1 shows the observed versus the population pharmacokinetics model simulation for plasma paliperidone concentrations for paliperidone palmitate 150 mg eq. in the deltoid on day 1, followed by 150 mg eq. in either the deltoid or gluteus on days 8, 36, and 64.

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## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In one embodiment of the present invention there is provided a dosing regimen for administering paliperidone esters to a psychiatric patient in need of treatment comprising administering intramuscularly in the deltoid a first loading dose from about 100 mg-eq. to about 150 mg-eq. of paliperidone as a paliperidone palmitate formulated in a sustained release formulation on the first day of treatment; administering intramuscularly a second loading dose from about 100 mg to about 150 mg-eq of paliperidone as a paliperidone palmitate formulated in a sustained release formulation between about the 6th to 10th day of treatment; and administering intramuscularly in the gluteal a maintenance dose of about 25 to about 150 mg-eq. of paliperidone as a paliperidone ester in a sustained release formulation on between about the 34<sup>th</sup> and about the 38th day of treatment.

In one embodiment of the present invention there is provided a dosing regimen for administering paliperidone esters to a psychiatric patient in need of treatment comprising administering intramuscularly in the deltoid a first loading dose from about 100 mg-eq. to about 150 mg-eq. of paliperidone as a paliperidone palmitate formulated in a sustained release formulation on the first day of treatment; administering intramuscularly a second loading dose from about 100 mg to about 150 mg-eq of paliperidone as a paliperidone palmitate formulated in a sustained release formulation between about the 6th to 10th day of treatment; and administering intramuscularly in the gluteal a maintenance dose of about 25 to about 150 mg-eq. of paliperidone as a paliperidone ester in a sustained release formulation approximately monthly from the date of the second loading dose.

In another embodiment of the present invention there is provided a dosing regimen for administering paliperidone palmitate to a psychiatric patient in need of treatment comprising administering intramuscularly in the deltoid of a patient in need of treatment a first loading dose from about 100 mg-eq. to about 150 mg-eq of

paliperidone as paliperidone palmitate formulated in a sustained release formulation on the first day of treatment; administering intramuscularly in the deltoid muscle of the patient in need of treatment a second loading dose from about 100 mg-eq. to about 150 mg-eq. of paliperidone as paliperidone palmitate formulated in a sustained release  
5 formulation on the eighth day of treatment; and administering intramuscularly in the deltoid or gluteal muscle of the patient in need of treatment a maintenance dose of about 25 mg-eq. to about 75 mg-eq. of paliperidone as paliperidone palmitate in a sustained release formulation on between about the 34th day and the 38th day of treatment.

10 In another embodiment of the present invention there is provided a dosing regimen for administering paliperidone palmitate to a psychiatric patient in need of treatment comprising administering intramuscularly in the deltoid of a patient in need of treatment a first loading dose of about 150 mg-eq of paliperidone as paliperidone palmitate formulated in a sustained release formulation on the first day of treatment;  
15 administering intramuscularly in the deltoid muscle of the patient in need of treatment a second loading dose from about 100 mg-eq. of paliperidone as paliperidone palmitate formulated in a sustained release formulation on the eighth day of treatment; and administering intramuscularly in the deltoid or gluteal muscle of the patient in need of treatment a maintenance dose of about 25 mg-eq. to about 75 mg-eq. of paliperidone as  
20 paliperidone palmitate in a sustained release formulation approximately monthly from the date of the second loading dose.

In another embodiment of the present invention there is provided a dosing regimen for administering paliperidone palmitate to a psychiatric patient in need of treatment comprising administering intramuscularly in the deltoid of a patient in need  
25 of treatment a first loading dose of about 150 mg-eq of paliperidone as paliperidone palmitate formulated in a sustained release formulation on the first day of treatment; administering intramuscularly in the deltoid muscle of the patient in need of treatment a second loading dose from about 100 mg-eq. of paliperidone as paliperidone palmitate formulated in a sustained release formulation on the eighth day of treatment; and  
30 administering intramuscularly in the deltoid or gluteal muscle of the patient in need of treatment a maintenance dose of about 75 mg-eq. of paliperidone as paliperidone palmitate in a sustained release formulation approximately monthly from the date of the second loading dose.

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