IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS MARSHALL DIVISION

IMPLICIT, LLC,	§	
Plaintiff,	§	
	§	
V.	§	
	§	
IMPERVA, INC.	\$ Case No. 2:19-cv-00040-JRG-RSP LEAD CASE	
FORTINET, INC.	\$ Case No. 2:19-cv-00039-JRG-RSP \$	
JUNIPER NETWORKS, INC.	\$ Case No. 2:19-cv-00037-JRG-RSP	
Defendants.	§	

JOINT CLAIM CONSTRUCTION AND PREHEARING STATEMENT PURSUANT TO P.R 4-3

Plaintiff Implicit, LLC ("Implicit), and Defendants Fortinet, Inc. ("Fortinet"), Juniper Networks, Inc. ("Juniper"), and Imperva, Inc. ("Imperva") (collectively, the "Parties"), pursuant to Patent Local Rule 4-3 and the Court's Third Amended Docket Control Order (Dkt. 152), hereby respectfully submit this joint claim construction and prehearing statement regarding U.S. Patent Nos. 8,694,683 (the "'683 patent"); 9,270,790 (the "'790 patent); 9,591,104 (the "'104 patent"); 10,033,839 (the "'839 patent"); 10,027,780 (the "'780 patent"); and 10,225,378 (the "'378 patent") (collectively, the "Patents-in-Suit").

I. AGREED CLAIM CONSTRUCTIONS

The Parties agree to the construction of the following claim terms:

Term, Phrase, or Clause	Agreed Construction
"message"	"a collection of data that is related in some way, such
	as a stream of video or audio data or an email
	message"



Term, Phrase, or Clause	Agreed Construction
"state information"	"information that is specific to a software routine for a
	specific message, that can be used for all packets of
	the message, and that is not information related to an
	overall path"
"the packet of the message"	"the one or more received message packets used to
	create a path"
"key [value]"	"information that can be used to identify the session
	of a protocol," and—as used in the '104, '780, '839,
	and '378 Patents—the determine/determining
	operation/step is performed before the
	identify/identifying operation/step

II. PROPOSED CONSTRUCTIONS AND IDENTIFICATION OF INTRINSIC AND EXTRINSIC EVIDENCE

The Parties' proposed constructions for the disputed terms and identification of supporting evidence are attached as Exhibits A and B. Plaintiff's proposed constructions and identification of evidence are attached as Exhibit A. Defendants' proposed constructions and identification of evidence are attached as Exhibit B.

Defendants' Objection: The Parties exchanged their P.R. 4-2 disclosures on November 4, 2019, identifying proposed constructions and extrinsic evidence for the collection of terms previously identified by the Parties on October 3, 2019. At 5:14 p.m. CT on the day of this filing, Plaintiff for the first time served a draft of its Exhibit A that (i) materially changed the terms identified by combining terms and adding claim language; (ii) added new extrinsic evidence not previously identified; and (iii) proposed new alternative constructions, all of which were previously undisclosed in Plaintiff's P.R. 4-2 disclosure. Although Plaintiff proposed combining certain terms during the Parties' meet and confer on November 25, 2019, Plaintiff did not provide a written version of its proposal—much less identify any of the new terms, constructions, and evidence—until 5:14 p.m. CT today as Plaintiff's Exhibit A. Defendants object to Plaintiff's Exhibit A to the extent it differs from Plaintiff's P.R. 4-2 disclosure,



including because the belated disclosure of Plaintiff's Exhibit A does not allow Defendants adequate time to consider and respond to Plaintiff's new and previously undisclosed positions.

<u>Plaintiff's Response to Defendants' Objections</u>: Implicit's P.R. 4-2 disclosure properly disclosed its preliminary proposed terms, constructions, and supporting evidence in compliance with the Eastern District of Texas's Patent Rules.

Defendants' primary complaint appears to be about Implicit's merging of the "execute" and "convert" terms. But Implicit presents no terms that went undiscussed by the Parties. Implicit specifically disclosed its proposal for merging the "execute" and "convert" terms during the Parties' meet and confer, and the Parties discussed the same for approximately 45 minutes. As for Implicit's alternative constructions, Implicit's position remains the same—the terms require no construction and the alternative constructions merely capture plain meaning to one of ordinary skill in the art in language that is helpful to the jury.

Defendants' objection is surprising given Defendants' late addition of a new term not included in their P.R. 4-2 disclosure. Defendants added "routines in the sequence of routines," which is not mentioned at all in Defendants' P.R. 4-2 disclosure.

Implicit's "new" extrinsic evidence was largely cited in either Defendants' own P.R. 4-2 disclosure, or by Dr. Kevin Almeroth in his properly-noticed, sworn declaration (served concurrently with this filing). *See* P.R. 4-3 (b) & Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(2)(B(i)-(ii). Furthermore, Defendants, after 7:00 p.m. CT, added an immense quantity (hundreds of pages) of "new" extrinsic evidence in support of each of their proposed terms.

Finally, if Defendants need to adjust their approach to any of the claim terms, they have ample time to do so. Defendants' claim construction brief is not due until January 9, 2020, which is 44 days from the date of this filing.



Defendants' Reply: As discussed on the parties' meet and confer teleconference, the omission of "routines in the sequence of routines" was an inadvertent omission from Defendants' P.R. 4-2 disclosures. Defendants identified this term as part of its P.R. 4-1 disclosures and had coupled it with the related terms "sequence of [two or more] routines" and "one or more routines" collectively identified as Term No. 2. Regarding Implicit's assertion of Defendants' addition of "an immense quantity (hundreds of pages) of 'new' extrinsic evidence," Defendants are unaware to what "new" evidence Implicit is referring. Defendants incorporated reservations of rights from their P.R. 4-2 cover pleading to rely on "any prosecution histories or reexamination proceedings for the patents at issue or patents in related families," and have added that they reserve the right to rely on evidence cited by Implicit.

III. ANTICIPATED LENGTH OF THE CLAIM CONSTRUCTION HEARING

Pursuant to P.R. 4-3, the Parties anticipate that the length of time necessary for the Claim Construction Hearing will be no more than three (3) hours.

IV. LIVE WITNESS TESTIMONY

The Parties do not propose to call any witnesses, including experts, live at the Claim Construction Hearing.

V. OTHER ISSUES FOR A PREHEARING CONFERENCE

At this time, neither party is aware of any issues which might be appropriately taken up at a prehearing conference prior to the Claim Construction Hearing.

Dated: November 26, 2019 Respectfully submitted,

By: /s/ Christopher Larson _ By: /s/ Brandon C. Martin _

Michael J. Sacksteder

(CA Bar No. 191605)

Jessica Lee Benzler

Spencer Hosie, pro hac vice,
(CA Bar No. 101777)

shosie@hosielaw.com



(CA Bar No. 306164) Christopher L. Larson (CA Bar No. 308247)

FENWICK & WEST LLP-San Francisco

555 California Street

12th Floor

San Francisco, CA 94104

415-875-2300

Facsimile: (415) 281-1350

Email: msacksteder@fenwick.com;

jbenzler@fenwick.com; clarson @fenwick.com

GEOFFREY ROBERT MILLER (TX State Bar No. 24094847)

FENWICK & WEST LLP-Mtn. View

Silicon Valley Center 801 California Street Mountain View, CA 94041

650-988-8500

Facsimile: (650) 938-5200 gmiller@fenwick.com

Counsel for Defendant Imperva, Inc.

By: /s/ Alice Snedeker

Matthew C. Gaudet (GA SBN 287789)

Admitted E.D. Tex.

David C. Dotson (GA SBN 138040)

Admitted E.D. Tex.

John R. Gibson (GA SBN 454507)

Admitted E.D. Tex. Alice E. Snedeker Admitted E.D. Tex.

DUANE MORRIS LLP

1075 Peachtree NE, Suite 2000

Atlanta, GA 30309

Telephone: 404.253.6900 Facsimile: 404.253.6901

Email: mcgaudet@duanemorris.com;

dcdotson@duanemorris.com; jrgibson@duanemorris.com aesnedeker@duanemorris.com

Christopher J. Tyson (VA SBN 81553)

Diane S. Rice, pro hac vice, (CA Bar No. 118303)

drice@hosielaw.com

Brandon C. Martin, pro hac vice,

(CA Bar No. 269624) bmartin@hosielaw.com

Darrell Rae Atkinson, pro hac vice,

(CA Bar No. 280564) datkinson@hosielaw.com

Francesca M.S. Germinario, pro hac vice,

(CA Bar No. 326208) fgerminario@hosielaw.com

HOSIE RICE LLP

600 Montgomery St., 34th Floor

San Francisco, CA 94111

415.247.6000 Fax: 415.247.6001

William E. Davis, III (TX Bar No. 24047416)

bdavis@bdavisfirm.com

Christian J. Hurt (TX Bar No. 24059987)

churt@bdavisfirm.com
Edward Chin (Of Counsel)
(TX Bar No. 50511688)
echine@bdavisfirm.com
Debra Coleman (Of Counsel)
(TX Bar No. 24059595)

(TX Bar No. 24059595) dcoleman@bdavisfirm.com

Ty Wilson (TX Bar No. 24106583)

THE DAVIS FIRM, PC

213 N. Fredonia Street, Suite 230

Longview, Texas 75601 Telephone: (903) 230-9090 Facsimile: (903) 230-9661

Counsel for Plaintiff Implicit, LLC



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