HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

These highlights do not include all the information needed to use EYLEA safely and effectively. See full prescribing information for EYLEA.

EYLEA[™] (aflibercept) Injection For Intravitreal Injection Initial U.S. Approval: 2011

INDICATIONS AND USAGE EYLEA is indicated for the treatment of patients with Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD). (1)

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION -

- For ophthalmic intravitreal injection only. (2.1)
- The recommended dose for EYLEA is 2 mg (0.05 mL) administered by intravitreal injection every 4 weeks (monthly) for the first 3 months, followed by 2 mg (0.05 mL) via intravitreal injection once every 8 weeks (2 months). (2.2)
- Although EYLEA may be dosed as frequently as 2 mg every 4 weeks (monthly), additional efficacy was not demonstrated when EYLEA was dosed every 4 weeks compared to every 8 weeks. (2.2)

DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS -

40 mg/mL solution for intravitreal injection in a single-use vial (3)

- CONTRAINDICATIONS-

- Ocular or periocular infection (4.1)
- Active intraocular inflammation (4.2)
- Hypersensitivity (4.3)

- Endophthalmitis and retinal detachments may occur following intravitreal injections. Patients should be instructed to report any symptoms suggestive of endophthalmitis or retinal detachment without delay and should be managed appropriately. (5.1)
- Increases in intraocular pressure have been seen within 60 minutes of an intravitreal injection. (5.2)

ADVERSE REACTIONS-

The most common adverse reactions (\geq 5%) reported in patients receiving EYLEA were conjunctival hemorrhage, eye pain, cataract, vitreous detachment, vitreous floaters, and increased intraocular pressure. (6.2)

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Regeneron at 1-855-395-3248 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or <u>www.fda.gov/medwatch</u>.

See 17 for PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION.

Revised: 11/2011

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FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

1 INDICATIONS AND USAGE

EYLEA is indicated for the treatment of patients with Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD).

2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

2.1 General Dosing Information

FOR OPHTHALMIC INTRAVITREAL INJECTION ONLY. EYLEA must only be administered by a qualified physician.

2.2 Dosing

The recommended dose for EYLEA is 2 mg (0.05 mL or 50 microliters) administered by intravitreal injection every 4 weeks (monthly) for the first 12 weeks (3 months), followed by 2 mg (0.05 mL) via intravitreal injection once every 8 weeks (2 months). Although EYLEA may be dosed as frequently as 2 mg every 4 weeks (monthly), additional efficacy was not demonstrated when EYLEA was dosed every 4 weeks compared to every 8 weeks [*see Clinical Studies (14)*].

2.3 Preparation for Administration

EYLEA should be inspected visually prior to administration. If particulates, cloudiness, or discoloration are visible, the vial must not be used.

Using a septic technique, the intravitreal injection should be performed with a 30-gauge x $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch injection needle.

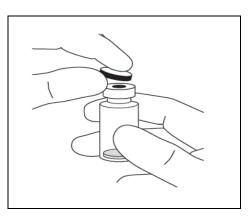
Vial

DOCKET

The glass vial is for single use only.

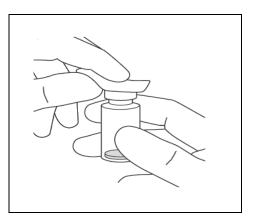
1. Remove the protective plastic cap from the vial (see Figure 1).





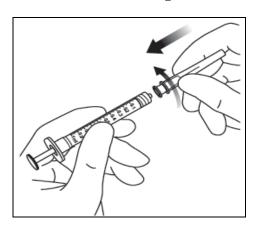
2. Clean the top of the vial with an alcohol wipe (see Figure 2).





3. Remove the 19-gauge x 1¹/₂-inch, 5-micron, filter needle from its pouch and remove the 1-mL syringe supplied in the carton from its pouch. Attach the filter needle to the syringe by twisting it onto the Luer lock syringe tip (see Figure 3).





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- 4. Push the filter needle into the center of the vial stopper until the needle touches the bottom edge of the vial.
- 5. Using aseptic technique withdraw all of the EYLEA vial contents into the syringe, keeping the vial in an upright position, slightly inclined to ease complete withdrawal (see Figure 4).

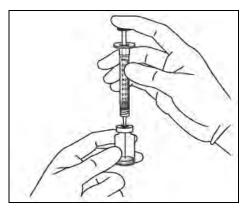
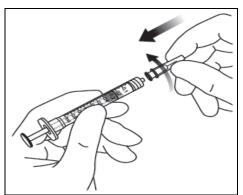


Figure 4:

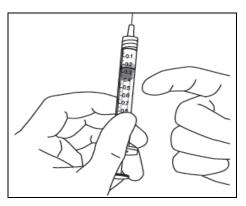
- 6. Ensure that the plunger rod is drawn sufficiently back when emptying the vial in order to completely empty the filter needle.
- 7. Remove the filter needle from the syringe and properly dispose of the filter needle. **Note**: Filter needle is **not** to be used for intravitreal injection.
- 8. Remove the 30-gauge x ¹/₂-inch injection needle from the plastic pouch and attach the injection needle to the syringe by firmly twisting the injection needle onto the Luer lock syringe tip (see Figure 5).





- 9. When ready to administer EYLEA, remove the plastic needle shield from the needle.
- 10. Holding the syringe with the needle pointing up, check the syringe for bubbles. If there are bubbles, gently tap the syringe with your finger until the bubbles rise to the top (see Figure 6).

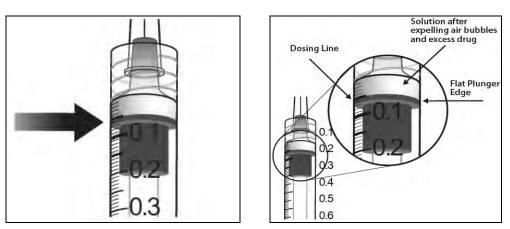
Figure 6:



11. To eliminate all of the bubbles and to expel excess drug, SLOWLY depress the plunger so that the plunger tip aligns with the line that marks 0.05 mL on the syringe (see Figures 7 and 8).







2.4 Administration

The intravitreal injection procedure should be carried out under controlled aseptic conditions, which include surgical hand disinfection and the use of sterile gloves, a sterile drape, and a sterile eyelid speculum (or equivalent). Adequate anesthesia and a topical broad–spectrum microbicide should be given prior to the injection.

Immediately following the intravitreal injection, patients should be monitored for elevation in intraocular pressure. Appropriate monitoring may consist of a check for perfusion of the optic nerve head or tonometry. If required, a sterile paracentesis needle should be available.

Following intravitreal injection, patients should be instructed to report any symptoms suggestive of endophthalmitis or retinal detachment (e.g., eye pain, redness of the eye, photophobia, blurring of vision) without delay [*see Patient Counseling Information (17)*].

Each vial should only be used for the treatment of a single eye. If the contralateral eye requires treatment, a new vial should be used and the sterile field, syringe, gloves, drapes, eyelid

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