IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS MARSHALL DIVISION

The CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY,

Plaintiff,

v.

SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD., and SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS AMERICA, INC.,

Defendants.

Civil Action No. 2:21-cv-446

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

<u>PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO TRANSFER</u> <u>TO THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA</u>



TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	Intro	oduction	1	
II.	Samsung's motion to transfer – a thinly disguised effort to seek summary adjudication – fails across the board.			
	A.	Samsung is not an intended third-party beneficiary of the PLA	2	
	B.	Samsung cannot invoke a	5	
III.	Samsung's Claim to a License of the Patents-in-Suit is Unmeritorious			
	A.	The PLA does not cover the Patents-in-Suit.	6	
	В.	The '710 Patent was not and could not have been a CIP of the '852 Application	7	
	C.	The other Patents-in-Suit also are not CIPs of the '852 Application	8	
	D.	The parties' course of conduct corroborates that the Patents-in-Suit were not covered by the PLA.	9	
	E.	The parties sought to confirm their mutual understanding under the	10	
	F.	Samsung admits the IV-Samsung Agreement		
	G.	Samsung's remaining arguments cannot support transfer under § 1404	13	
III	Con	alucion	15	

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

P:	age(s)
Cases	
Agence France Presse v. Morel, 769 F. Supp. 2d 295 (S.D.N.Y. 2011)	3
Alling v. Universal Mfg. Corp., 7 Cal. Rptr. 2d 718 (Cal. Ct. App. 1992)	4, 5
Atl. Marine Constr. Co. v. United States Dist. Court for W. Dist. Tex., 571 U.S. 49 (2013)	13, 14
Autodesk, Inc. v. Alter, 2018 WL 1335858 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 15, 2018)	3
Gen. Protecht Grp., Inc. v. Leviton Mfg. Co., 651 F.3d 1355 (Fed. Cir. 2011)	14, 15
Goonewardene v. ADP, LLC, 434 P.3d 124 (Cal. 2019)	2
Implicit, LLC v. Juniper Networks, Inc., 2020 WL 10356908 (E.D. Tex. Apr. 22, 2020)	15
In re Lab'y Corp. of Am. Holdings, 2022 WL 1498775 (Fed. Cir. May 12, 2022)	14
Peteet v. Dow Chem. Co., 868 F.2d 1428 (5th Cir. 1989)	14
Uniloc USA, Inc. v. Cisco Sys., Inc., 2017 WL 959856 (E.D. Tex. Mar. 13, 2017)	14, 15
Zix Corp. v. Echoworx Corp., 2016 WL 7042221 (E.D. Tex. June 9, 2016)	14, 15
Statutes	
35 U.S.C. § 120	7, 8
35 U.S.C. § 121	8
35 U.S.C. § 365(c)	8
Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 1856(c)	9

Regulations

37 C.F.R.	§ 1.78 (2001)	8
37 C F R	8 1 78(a)(2) (2001)	-



I. Introduction

Samsung's motion to transfer venue is built on a series of unsupported assertions that fail to coalesce in any way to warrant its requested relief. The Patents-in-Suit¹ are indisputably *not* covered by any license to Intellectual Ventures or, in turn, to Samsung. None of the Patents-in-Suit , nor are the Patents-in-Suit . Indeed, the parties to that agreement – Caltech and Cellular Elements (CE) – expressly agreed that

In any event, that is a question for a dispositive motion, which Samsung elected not to bring to this Court – instead opting for the procedural tactic of embedding its license defense within a belated transfer motion. This Court can readily dispense of Samsung's motion to transfer venue on its face because Samsung cannot invoke of a Patent License Agreement (PLA) between two other parties. Samsung is neither a . Allowing Samsung to claim rights under the agreement would be inconsistent with , and Samsung cannot meet the separate hurdle of showing that the . That clause very deliberately provides and Samsung . Finally, Samsung requests transfer pursuant to § 1404 without providing is not a full § 1404 analysis, further revealing the insufficiency of its motion.

II. Samsung's motion to transfer – a thinly disguised effort to seek summary adjudication – fails across the board.

As shown below in Section III, Samsung can claim no license to the Patents-in-Suit. But Samsung has not asked the Court to render a ruling on a dispositive motion. To the contrary,

¹ The "Patents-in-Suit" are U.S. Patent Nos. 7,116,710 ("the '710 Patent"), 7,421,032 ("the '032 Patent"), 7,916,781 ("the '781 Patent"), and 8,284,833 ("the '833 Patent").



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