

United States Court of Appeals For the First Circuit

Nos. 20-1368
20-1412

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
Appellee/Cross-Appellant,

v.

RICHARD M. SIMON,
Defendant, Appellant/Cross-Appellee.

Nos. 20-1369
20-1411

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
Appellee/Cross-Appellant,

v.

SUNRISE LEE,
Defendant, Appellant/Cross-Appellee.

Nos. 20-1370
20-1413

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
Appellee/Cross-Appellant,

v.

JOSEPH A. ROWAN,
Defendant, Appellant/Cross-Appellee.

Nos. 20-1382
20-1409

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
Appellee/Cross-Appellant,

v.

JOHN KAPOOR,
Defendant, Appellant/Cross-Appellee.

Nos. 20-1410
20-1457

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
Appellee/Cross-Appellant,

v.

MICHAEL J. GURRY,
Defendant, Appellant/Cross-Appellee.

APPEALS FROM THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

[Hon. Allison D. Burroughs, U.S. District Judge]

Before

Howard, Chief Judge,
Selya, Circuit Judge,
and Gelpí,* District Judge.

William W. Fick, with whom Daniel N. Marx and Fick & Marx LLP
were on brief, for defendant Simon.
Peter Charles Horstmann for defendant Lee.

* Of the District of Puerto Rico, sitting by designation.

Michael Kendall, with whom Karen Eisenstadt, Alexandra I. Gliga, and White & Case LLP were on brief, for defendant Rowan.

Martin G. Weinberg and Kosta S. Stojilkovic, with whom Martin G. Weinberg Law, P.C., Beth A. Wilkinson, Chanakya A. Sethi, and Wilkinson Walsh LLP were on brief, for defendant Kapoor.

Megan A. Siddall, with whom Tracy A. Miner and Miner Orkand Siddall LLP were on brief, for defendant Gurry.

David M. Lieberman, Attorney, Appellate Section, United States Department of Justice, with whom Nicholas L. McQuaid, Acting Assistant Attorneys General, Criminal Division, Robert A. Zink, Acting Deputy Assistant Attorney General, Nathaniel R. Mendell, Acting United States Attorney, Donald C. Lockhart, Appellate Chief, and Mark T. Quinlivan, Fred Wyshak, K. Nathaniel Yeager, and David G. Lazarus, Assistant United States Attorneys, were on brief, for the United States.

August 25, 2021

SELYA, Circuit Judge. A noted British ethologist once observed that "[t]he total amount of suffering per year in the natural world is beyond all decent contemplation." Richard Dawkins, River Out of Eden 131-32 (Basic Books 1995). Some of this suffering is unavoidable, but some is caused by those who callously place profits over principle. The facts of this mammoth case, as supportably found by the jury, tell a chilling tale of suffering that did not need to happen. It involves a group of pharmaceutical executives who chose to shunt medical necessity to one side and shamelessly proceeded to exploit the sickest and most vulnerable among us – all in an effort to fatten the bottom line and pad their own pockets.

The tale told by this case chronicles the pernicious practices employed by a publicly held pharmaceutical firm, Insys Therapeutics, Inc. (Insys), with respect to the marketing and sale of Subsys, a fentanyl-laced medication approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for use in the treatment of breakthrough cancer pain. When the government got wind of these practices, it launched an investigation. That investigation produced evidence that led a federal grand jury to indict seven of the company's top executives on charges brought under the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act (RICO), 18 U.S.C § 1962(d). Two of the executives eventually entered into plea agreements, but the rest stood their ground. Following a fifty-

one-day trial, the jury convicted the five remaining defendants as charged (with an exception described below), and the district court (again with an exception described below) declined to set aside the jury verdicts. The court then sentenced the defendants to prison terms of varying lengths, ordered defendant-specific restitution, and directed the forfeiture of certain assets.

On appeal, the defendants – ably represented – raise a gallimaufry of claims. The government cross-appeals, assigning error to the district court's refusal to embrace the whole of the jury verdicts and to its computation of the forfeiture amounts. After careful consideration of an amplitudinous record, we uphold the jury verdicts in full, affirm the defendants' sentences (which are unchallenged), vacate the restitution and forfeiture orders, and remand for further proceedings consistent with this opinion.

I

We begin with a snapshot of the relevant facts drawn from the evidence adduced at trial. We then briefly rehearse the travel of the case.

A

Insys is a pharmaceutical firm founded by one of the defendants, Dr. John Kapoor. Under the Insys umbrella, Kapoor sought to develop sublingual spray drug-delivery formulations. The firm explored various options, but soon concentrated on

Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time alerts** and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.