## **UNPUBLISHED**

## UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FOURTH CIRCUIT

No. 18-6898	
ANTHONY QUENTIN KELLY,	
Petitioner - Appellant,	
V.	
WARDEN FRANK B. BISHOP, JR.; JO ATTORNEY GENERAL OF MARYLAND,	
Respondents - Appellees	
Appeal from the United States District Court Richard D. Bennett, District Judge. (1:17-cv-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Submitted: June 26, 2020	Decided: July 17, 2020
Before GREGORY, Chief Judge, MOTZ, Ci Judge.	rcuit Judge, and TRAXLER, Senior Circuit
Dismissed by unpublished per curiam opinion	1.
Anthony Quentin Kelly, Appellant Pro Se. 3 GENERAL OF MARYLAND, Baltimore, Ma	
Unpublished opinions are not binding precede	ent in this circuit



## PER CURIAM:

Anthony Quentin Kelly seeks to appeal the district court's order denying relief on his 28 U.S.C. § 2254 (2018) petition.\* The order is not appealable unless a circuit justice or judge issues a certificate of appealability. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(1)(A) (2018). A certificate of appealability will not issue absent "a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2) (2018). When the district court denies relief on the merits, a prisoner satisfies this standard by demonstrating that reasonable jurists could find the district court's assessment of the constitutional claims debatable or wrong. *See Buck v. Davis*, 137 S. Ct. 759, 773-74 (2017). When the district court denies relief on procedural grounds, the prisoner must demonstrate both that the dispositive procedural ruling is debatable and that the petition states a debatable claim of the denial of a constitutional right. *Gonzalez v. Thaler*, 565 U.S. 134, 140-41 (2012) (citing *Slack v. McDaniel*, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000)).

We have independently reviewed the record and conclude that Kelly has not made the requisite showing. Accordingly, we deny a certificate of appealability, deny Kelly's motions for judgment, and dismiss the appeal. We dispense with oral argument because

<sup>\*</sup>We previously remanded to the district court for a determination of the timeliness of Kelly's notice of appeal. The district court found that the notice was timely, and we find that conclusion was not clearly erroneous. Accordingly, we now consider the merits of Kelly's appeal.



the facts and legal contentions are adequately presented in the materials before this court and argument would not aid the decisional process.

**DISMISSED** 

